

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9911089757203321
Autore	Gulati R. R
Titolo	Monochrome and Colour Television / / R.R. Gulati
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Delhi, : New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, c2005
ISBN	1-282-10263-X 9786612102639 81-224-2489-9
Edizione	[Rev. 2nd ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (711 p.)
Disciplina	621.388 621.388/04
Soggetti	Television
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Preface; Contents; Introduction; Chapter 1. Elements of a Television System; Chapter 2. Analysis and Synthesis of Television Pictures; Chapter 3. Composite Video Signal; Chapter 4. Signal Transmission and Channel Bandwidth; Chapter 5. The Picture Tube; Chapter 6. Television Camera Tubes; Chapter 7. Basic Television Broadcasting; Chapter 8. Television Receiver; Chapter 9. Television Signal Propagation and Antennas; Chapter 10. Television Applications; Chapter 11. Video Detector; Chapter 12. Video Section Fundamentals; Chapter 13. Video Amplifiers - Design Principles Chapter 14. Video Amplifier CircuitsChapter 15. Automatic Gain Control and Noise Cancelling Circutis; Chapter 16. Sync Separation Circuits; Chapter 17. Sync Processing and AFC Circuits; Chapter 18. Deflection Oscillators; Chapter 19. Vertical Deflection Circuits; Chapter 20. Horizontal Deflection Circuits; Chapter 21.Sound System; Chapter 22. RF Tuner; Chapter 23. Video IF Amplifiers; Chapter 24. Receiver Power Supplies; Chapter 25. Essentials of Colour Television; Chapter 26. Colour Signal Transmission and Reception; Chapter 27. Remote Control and Special Circuits Chapter 28. Alignment and Servicing EquipmentChapter 29. Receiver Circuits and Alignment; Chapter 30. Receiver Servicing; Appendices; Index

Sommario/riassunto

About the Book: This text is based on the CCIR 625-B monochrome (black & white) and the compatible PAL-B colour television standards as adopted by India and many other countries. The American NTSC and French SECAM television systems have also been accorded due coverage while presenting various aspects of the subject starting from TV camera to the receiving picture tube. While this book was published soon after television was introduced in India it continues to be very useful as a comprehensive text book because of excellent presentation of the fundamentals and analysis of all aspects of te

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911094411303321
Titolo	Errors and disfluencies in spoken corpora / / edited by Gaetanelle Gilquin, Sylvie De Cock
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam, : John Benjamins Pub. Co., 2013
ISBN	9789027271792 9027271798
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (177 p.)
Collana	Benjamins current topics, , 1874-0081 ; ; v. 52
Altri autori (Persone)	GilquinGaetanelle De CockSylvie
Disciplina	420.1/9
Soggetti	Language and languages - Study and teaching - Error analysis Corpora (Linguistics) Speech errors
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Errors and Disfluencies in Spoken Corpora -- Editorial page -- Title page -- LCC data -- Table of contents -- Errors and disfluencies in spoken corpora -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Defining errors and disfluencies -- 3. Errors and disfluencies in the era of corpus linguistics -- 3.1 Beyond the written bias -- 3.2 Annotation and computer-aided analysis -- 3.3 The study of errors and disfluencies -- 3.4 The limitations of spoken corpora - and other types of data -- 4. Applications -- 5. The papers in this volume -- Acknowledgements --

References -- Uh and Um as sociolinguistic markers in British English -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Terminology -- 3. Are fillers words? -- 4. What can corpus linguistics contribute? -- 5. Fillers as sociolinguistic markers in BNC-DEM and BNC-CG -- 5.1 Gender -- 5.2 Age -- 5.3 Fillers and socio-economic factors -- 6. Why are there more fillers in some corpora than in others? -- 6.1 BNC-DEM vs. BNC-CG -- 6.2 Comparing BNC-DEM and LLC -- 7. Conclusions and prospects -- Notes -- References -- Windows on the mind -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Data: The Narrative Corpus -- 2.1 Narrative components -- 2.2 Quotatives -- 2.3 Discourse presentation modes -- 2.4 Tools and methodology -- 3. Results -- 3.1 Frequencies of pauses -- 3.2 Lexical associations of PAUSES in narrative and non-narrative -- 3.3 Discourse associations in CNN -- 3.3.1 PAUSES and and -- 3.3.2 PAUSES and discourse presentation -- 4. Discussion -- 4.1 PAUSES and narrative-initial utterances -- 4.2 PAUSES and clause-coordinative and -- 4.3 PAUSES and discourse presentation -- 5. Conclusions -- Notes -- References -- Well I'm not sure I think... The use of well by non-native speakers -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Material and method -- 3. Overall frequencies of well -- 4. Categorizing well -- 5. Well as a speech management signal -- 5.1 The choice and change functions. -- 5.2 The prospective well -- 5.3 Well marking stages in a narrative -- 5.4 Well marking a transition to a direct speech quotation -- 6. The attitudinal well - Taking up a stance to the hearer or text -- 7. Discussion -- 8. Pedagogical implications -- 9. Conclusion -- Notes -- References -- Fluency versus accuracy in advanced spoken learner language -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Aspects of fluency and accuracy -- 2.1 Fluency -- 2.2 Accuracy -- 3. Research questions, database and methodology -- 4. Findings -- 4.1 Quantitative Analysis -- 4.1.1 Quantitative error analysis -- 4.1.2 Quantitative analysis of temporal fluency variables -- 4.2 Qualitative analysis -- 4.2.1 Qualitative error analysis -- 4.2.2 Qualitative fluency analysis -- 4.3 Correlation between accuracy and fluency: some trends -- 4.4 The native-speaker perception -- 5. Conclusion and outlook -- Notes -- References -- Fluency, complexity and informativeness in native and non-native speech -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Corpus -- 3. Measuring temporal fluency -- 4. Measuring syntactic and informational content -- 4.1 Syntactic content -- 4.2 Informational content -- 4.3 Utterance boundaries -- 4.4 Combining the measures -- 5. Results -- 5.1 Rate and density of syntax/information -- 5.2 Condensation -- 5.3 Ratio -- 6. Hesitation patterns -- 7. Conclusion -- Notes -- References -- Name index -- Subject index.

Sommario/riassunto

Individual speakers vary considerably in their rate of speech, their syntactic choices, and the organisation of information in their discourse. This study, based on a corpus of monologue productions from native and non-native speakers of English and French, examines the relations between temporal fluency, syntactic complexity and informational content. The purpose is to identify which features, or combinations of features, are common to more fluent speakers, and which are more idiosyncratic in nature. While the syntax of fluent speakers is not necessarily more complex than that of less fluent

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9911145800303321
Titolo	2009 Information and communications for development : extending reach and increasing impact
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C., : World Bank, 2009
ISBN	1-282-13541-4 9786612135415 0-8213-7606-3
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	xix, 316 pages : illustrations ; ; 28 cm
Disciplina	330.9
Soggetti	Information services Information services - Developing countries Information technology Information technology - Economic aspects - Developing countries Telecommunication Telecommunication - Developing countries
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"This report was prepared by the Global Information and Communication Technologies (GICT) Department and the Development Economics Data Group (DECDG) of the World Bank Group."--P. xv.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Table of Contents; Foreword; Preface; Acknowledgments; Abbreviations; PART I; BOXES; FIGURES; TABLES; PART II; Contributors
Sommario/riassunto	Over the last decade, information and communication technologies (ICT) have been increasingly used to achieve development goals. Developing countries, including poorer ones, have enjoyed rapid technological progress to help pull millions of people out of poverty. ICTs help transform economic and social activities for firms, governments and citizens. Information and Communication for Development 2009: Scaling Up Impact, the second issue of the World Bank's IC4D series, focuses on the effect of increased access to advanced ICT services and development of a vibrant IT sector on sustaining growth