

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9911091055703321
Autore	Mudge Stephen M
Titolo	Fatty alcohols : anthropogenic and natural occurrence in the environment / / Stephen M. Mudge, Scott E. Belanger, Allen M. Nielsen
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, UK, : Royal Society of Chemistry, c2008
ISBN	9781847558596 1847558593
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (174 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	BelangerScott E NielsenAllen M
Disciplina	547.031
Soggetti	Fatty alcohols Alcohols
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 142-154) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Fatty Alchols_publicity; i_iv; v_vi; vii_xi; xii; xiii_xiv; 001_009; 010_019; 020_031; 032_051; 052_066; 067_074; 075_109; 110_116; 117_127; 128_141; 142_154; 155_159
Sommario/riassunto	Fatty alcohols occur naturally in most organisms and can also be used in consumer products including detergents and cosmetics and all of these materials make their way to the sea eventually. These long chain alcohols can be used as biomarkers due to their distinctive source allocations although they have differential degradation rates across the range of chain lengths. Concern has been raised about their inputs from anthropogenic uses and this book seeks to set out the natural and industrial synthetic pathways, sources, signatures, concentrations in the environment, toxicity and eco-toxicity b

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911140538403321
Titolo	Africa Development Indicators 2011
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : The World Bank, , 2011
ISBN	9786613371874 9781283371872 1283371871 9780821387320 0821387324
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (184 pages)
Collana	Africa Development Indicators
Disciplina	330.96 330.96/0021
Soggetti	Corruption Development Exchange rates Governance Gross domestic product Indicators International trade Macroeconomics and Economic Growth National income Price indexes Purchasing power Africa Politics and government Africa Social life and customs
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	pt. 1. Basic indicators and national and fiscal accounts -- pt. 2. Millennium development goals -- pt. 3. Development outcomes.
Sommario/riassunto	Africa Development Indicators 2011 is the most detailed collection of data on Africa. It contains macroeconomic, sectoral, and social indicators for 53 countries. A companion CD-ROM has additional data,

with some 1,700 indicators covering 1961-2009. Basic indicators; National and fiscal accounts; External accounts and exchange rates; Millennium Development Goals; Private sector development; Trade and regional integration; Infrastructure; Human development; Agriculture, rural development, and the environment; Labor, migration, and population; HIV/AIDS and malaria; Capable states and partnership; Paris Declaration indicators; Governance and polity. Designed as both a quick reference and a reliable dataset for monitoring development programs and aid flows in the region, Africa Development Indicators 2011 is an invaluable tool for analysts and policymakers who want a better understanding of Africa's economic and social development.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9911142499703321
Autore	Kathuria Sanjay
Titolo	A Glass Half Full : : The Promise of Regional Trade in South Asia
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : The World Bank, , 2018
ISBN	9781464812958 1464812950
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (250 pages)
Collana	South Asia Development Forum
Disciplina	382.0954
Soggetti	Border Haats Connectivity Non-Tariff Barriers Paratariffs Proximity Regional Cooperation Regional Trade SAFTA Sensitive List Tariffs Trade Liberalization Trust Deficit South Asia Commerce
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

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Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Nepalese Exporters of Cardamom to India -- 3.6 Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Nepalese Exporters of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants to India -- 3.7 Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Bangladeshi Exporters of Processed Foods to India -- 3.8 Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Bangladeshi Exporters of Ready-Made Garments to India -- 3.9 Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Bangladeshi Exporters of Jute Bags to India -- 3.10 Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Indian Exporters of Pharmaceuticals to Nepal -- B3.4.1 Time Taken to Obtain Approvals for Pharmaceutical Exports from India to Nepal -- 3.11 Scores for NTMs and POs Reported by Indian Exporters of Pharmaceutical Raw Materials to Bangladesh -- 3A.1 Classification of Nontariff Measures, by Chapter -- 3B.1 Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures and Technical Barriers to Trade -- 3C.1 Classification of Procedural Obstacles -- 3D.1 Harmonized System Codes, Selected Items, Bangladesh and Nepal -- 3E.1 Questionnaire, NTM Survey, India and Nepal -- 3F.1 Plant Material Requiring Pest Risk Analysis, Nepal -- 3G.1 Exports of Tea from Nepal to India -- 3G.2 Exports of Cardamom from Nepal to India -- 3G.3 Exports of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants from Nepal to India -- 3G.4 Exports of Processed Food from Bangladesh to India -- 3G.5 Exports of Ready-Made Garments from Bangladesh to India -- 3G.6 Exports of Jute Bags from Bangladesh to India -- 3G.7 Exports of Pharmaceuticals from India to Nepal -- 3G.8 Exports of Pharmaceutical Raw Materials from India to Bangladesh.

4.1 Timeline of Developments in the Bilateral ASA between India and Sri Lanka.

Sommario/riassunto

Trade has played a critical role in global poverty reduction. In harnessing the potential of trade, some of the most successful countries have developed strong trade relationships with their neighbors. However, many South Asian countries have trade regimes that often offset the positive impact of geography and proximity. This report documents systematically the gaps between current and potential trade in South Asia and addresses important specific barriers that have held trade back. These barriers include tariffs and paratariffs, real and perceived nontariff barriers, connectivity costs, and the broader trust deficit. This policy-focused report unpacks these critical barriers to effective trade integration in South Asia through four in-depth studies that produce new, detailed, on-the-ground knowledge. Three of the studies are based on extensive stakeholder consultations. Two also rely on tailored surveys. The fourth study, on tariffs, benefits from new data on paratariffs. The report also marshals new evidence showing how trading regimes in South Asia discriminate against each other. Given the South Asian context, incremental, yet concrete steps aimed at tapping the potential of deeper integration are appropriate. The report has been drafted in this spirit. It offers precise, actionable policy recommendations that could help achieve measurable progress in key areas of trade and integration that would be to the advantage of all countries in the region.
