

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9911104871803321
Titolo	Biofunctional surface engineering / / edited by Martin Scholz
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Boca Raton : , : Pan Stanford Publishing, , [2014] ©2014
ISBN	0-429-09493-0 981-4411-60-4 9780429094934
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (339 p.)
Disciplina	620.00420157419
Soggetti	Bioengineering Biomedical engineering Biomedical materials Biologicals Sterilization Coatings
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	Front Cover; Dedication; Contents; Preface; Acknowledgment; Chapter 1 - Regulatory Requirements for Medical Devices, Including Combinations with Biological Products or Drugs as an Integral Part; Chapter 2 - Terminal Radiation Sterilization of Combination Products; Chapter 3 - Polyelectrolyte Multilayers as Functional Coatings for Controlled Biomolecular Interactions; Chapter 4 - Polyelectrolyte Multilayers as Functional Coatings for Controlled Biomolecular Interactions; Chapter 5 - Surface Characteristics and Biofilms; Chapter 6 - Antimicrobial Implant Coating Chapter 7 - Small-Angle X-Ray Spectroscopy as a Method to Monitor the Three-Dimensional Structure of Immobilized Biomolecules on Medical Device Scaffolds during ProductionChapter 8 - Aptamers as Biomimetic Surface Coatings for Blood-Contacting Implants; Chapter 9 - Microneedles and Nanopatches for Transdermal Vaccination; Chapter 10 - Autoantibodies as Biomarkers for Disease Diagnosis; Chapter 11 -

Sommario/riassunto

Successful biofunctional surface engineering will determine the future of medical devices such as orthopedic implants, stents, catheters, vaccine scaffolds, wound dressings, and extracorporeal circulation devices. Moreover, the biosensor and diagnostic chip technology will evolve rapidly due to the growing medical need for personalized medicine. A major drawback in these technologies is the need for terminally sterilized products. However, novel and safe technologies, including coupling, stabilization, and protection of effector molecules, enable terminal sterilization without functional lo
