

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9911115541903321
Autore	Gašperi Primož
Titolo	Zgodovinska kartografija ozemlja Slovenije
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ljubljana, : ZRC SAZU, Založba ZRC, 2022
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (274 p.)
Collana	Geografija Slovenije ; 37
Soggetti	Slovenia Historical maps & atlases
Lingua di pubblicazione	Sloveno
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	The book ('Historical cartography of Slovenian territory') presents the history of cartographic development in Europe and Slovenian territory with a special emphasis on a uniform methodology of studying old maps. The introduction provides definitions of the basic cartographic terminology and discusses the importance of maps, their study, and the development of European cartography from its beginnings to the twentieth century. This is followed by a presentation of cartographic elements and their classification into five basic groups (i.e., natural, built, mathematical, and explanatory elements plus geographical names), and an analysis of their historical development. The main part of the volume presents the methodology for studying cartographic elements and the results of an analysis of fifty-eight medium-scale maps of what is now Slovenia from the mid-sixteenth century to the end of the nineteenth century. A list of basic information on the most important maps of Slovenian territory is added at the end as an appendix. Maps can serve as the basis for exploring and studying landscapes and their processes. Old maps provide original information and are thus considered primary historical sources. The methodology used in this volume makes it possible to study these primary sources in a uniform manner across longer time periods. Monografija predstavlja zgodovino kartografskega razvoja v evropskem in slovenskem prostoru, s posebnim poudarkom na enotni metodologiji

prouevanja starih zemljevidov. V uvodnem delu so opredeljeni temeljni kartografski izrazi, pomen kartografskih del, njihovo prouevanje ter razvoj evropske kartografije od njenih zaetkov do 20. stoletja. Sledi predstavitev kartografskih elementov ter njihova delitev na pet osnovnih skupin (naravni, grajeni, matematični, pojasnjevalni, zemljepisna imena), razlenjen pa je tudi njihov zgodovinski razvoj. V osrednjem delu knjige avtor predstavi metodologijo za prouevanje kartografskih elementov ter rezultate analize 58 zemljevidov srednjega merila današnjega ozemlja Slovenije od sredine 16. stoletja do konca 19. stoletja. Kot priloga je na koncu dodan seznam z osnovnimi podatki o najpomembnejših zemljevidih, ki prikazujejo ozemlje Slovenije. Zemljevidi so lahko osnova za spoznavanje ter prouevanje pokrajine in njenih procesov. Stari zemljevidi prinašajo izvirne podatke in zato sodijo med primarne zgodovinske vire. Uporabljena metodologija omogoča, da te primarne vire prouujemo na enoten način skozi daljša časovna obdobja.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911100293303321
Autore	Strand Jon
Titolo	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Supply for the G-7 Countries, with Emphasis on Germany // Jon Strand
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2007
ISBN	9786613824776 9781462335633 1462335632 9781452745060 1452745064 9781283512329 1283512327 9781451913156 145191315X
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (37 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Disciplina	333.79413
Soggetti	Renewable energy sources - Economic aspects - Group of Seven countries Energy consumption - Economic aspects - Group of Seven countries Renewable energy sources - Economic aspects - Germany Energy consumption - Economic aspects - Germany Alternative Energy Sources Climate change

Climate
 Electric Utilities
 Electric utilities
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 Energy
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 Greenhouse gas emissions
 Greenhouse gases
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 Natural Resources
 Natural resources
 Non-renewable resources
 Nonrenewable Resources and Conservation: General
 Renewable energy sources
 Renewable energy
 Renewable Resources and Conservation: General
 Renewable resources
 Commodities
 Environment
 United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
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Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 33-35).
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; I. Renewables in Advanced Economies: General Issues; A. Introduction; B. Support to and Supply of Renewables in Major Advanced Countries; Tables; 1. Renewable Energy, More Detailed Source Classification, Major OECD Countries, 2004; Figures; 1. Distributions of Renewable Energy in Major OECD Countries, 2004; C. Public Renewables Support and Carbon Emissions Reductions; 2. Average Cost, Euros Per Ton of CO2 Displaced, When Fossil Fuels Are Replaced with Renewable Energies; D. Biofuels and Their Support in Advanced Economies 2. Cost-Effectiveness in Carbon Abatement, Different Uses of Biomass3. Production Volumes (thousand tons), and Values of Tax Exemptions (Euro/cents per liter), for Biofuel and Biodiesel in Major European Countries and the United States; 4. Calculated Average Public Support to Bioethanol and Biodiesel in the EU, by Support Category, 2006; 5. Calculated Average Public Support to Bioethanol and Biodiesel in the EU Per Unit of Fossil Fuels Displaced, by Supply Category, 2006; II. Further Aspects of Renewables Policies in Germany; A. Introduction B. Renewables for Electricity Generation in Germany6. Overview of Main Renewable Energies, Germany, 2006; 7. Feed in Tariffs by Technology,

2006; 3. Forecast Quantities and Fees of Feed-In Tariffs, by 2012; 8. Supplementary Payments for Electricity Exports to the Grid; C. Policies Affecting Value-Adding Inputs; 4. German Federal Government Support for Basic R&D, 1974-2007; 9. Breakdown of German Federal Government Energy R&D by Research Theme/Ministry 1974-2000; 10. Combined Federal States (Länder) Support for Deployment of Renewable Energy Technologies; D. Biofuels for Transport
III. Overall Assessment of Renewables Policies in Advanced CountriesReferences

Sommario/riassunto

This paper discusses structure, impact, costs, and efficiency of renewable energy supply in the eight largest advanced economies (the G-7 plus Spain), with focus on Germany. Renewables production costs are compared to benefits, defined as reductions in net carbon emissions; technological innovation, and increased energy security. The latter part of the paper centers on Germany, the main European producer of non-traditional renewables. We question whether the level of subsidies can be justified, relative to other means to increase energy security and reduce carbon emissions. We also find an excessive emphasis on current productive activity, relative to development of new technologies.
