

1. Record Nr.	UNISANNIORAV0310115
Autore	Agostinelli, Mario
Titolo	Le 35 ore / Mario Agostinelli, Carla Ravaioli
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roma, : Editori riuniti, 1998
ISBN	8835944309
Descrizione fisica	92 p. ; 21 cm
Collana	Primo piano
Altri autori (Persone)	Ravaioli, Carla <1923-2014>
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Collocazione	POZZO LIB.ECON MON 7222
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	In cop.: La sfida di un nuovo tempo sociale.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911049205603321
Autore	Nakamura Eri
Titolo	Behavioral Change by Information Provision in a Pandemic // by Eri Nakamura, Fumitoshi Mizutani
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Nature Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2025
ISBN	981-9542-20-0
Edizione	[1st ed. 2025.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (117 pages)
Collana	SpringerBriefs in Economics, , 2191-5512
Altri autori (Persone)	MizutaniFumitoshi
Disciplina	330.019
Soggetti	Economics - Psychological aspects Finance, Public Social sciences - Statistical methods Medical policy Communication in medicine Behavioral Economics Public Economics Statistics in Social Sciences, Humanities, Law, Education, Behavioral Sciences, Public Policy Health Policy Health Communication
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Preface -- Table of Contents -- List of Tables -- List of Figures -- Chapter 1 Introduction -- Chapter 2 Literature Review -- Chapter 3 Empirical Methodology -- Chapter 4 Survey and Data Description -- Chapter 5 Information Perception -- Chapter 6 Behavioral Changes by Country -- Chapter 7 Overall Behavioral Changes -- Chapter 8 Concluding Remarks -- Reference -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	This book is novel in that it provides insights into the effects of information provision on people's perceptions and behavioral changes during the pandemic, and provides empirical evidence on its mechanisms and policy implications from different perspectives. It compares the different characteristics and effectiveness of information sources from the government, the news media, professionals in the field (health care workers), non-professional ordinary people, and the

close environment, including family, friends, and colleagues. The consumer externality is the key concept in the analyses, as it identifies the effects of one's own consumption on the actions of others in constrained situations such as pandemics. Data from surveys conducted in Japan, the United States, and Germany suggest some implications for policymaking during a pandemic. One is related to differences in the characteristics of information. For example, information from experts in the field is perceived differently than information from other sources. Similarly, information from authorized organizations such as government and the news media remains critical in an emergency. Another relates to behavioral changes caused by the provision of information. Clearly, the effects of information on behavior change depend on the characteristics of the activity being addressed. We examine the effects on out-of-home and in-home activities during the pandemic, both of which focus on leisure activities, and show that the effects of information on each activity are quite different. Overall, this book provides empirical evidence for the importance of information dissemination policies that work with appropriate information providers and take into account country-specific attitudes to information.
