

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910462363803321
Autore	Pelham Abigail
Titolo	Contested creations in the Book of Job [[electronic resource] ] : the-world-as-it-ought-and-ought-not-to-be // by Abigail Pelham
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; ; Boston, : Brill, 2012
ISBN	1-280-69859-4 9786613675552 90-04-23029-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (271 p.)
Collana	Biblical interpretation series, , 0928-0731 ; ; v. 113
Disciplina	223/.106
Soggetti	Creation - Biblical teaching Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material -- Prologue: The Author, the Reader, and the Professional Not-Knower -- 1. Creation in the Book of Job: Reading Backwards and Forwards for Questions and Possibilities -- 2. Relationships Between Persons in the World-as-It-Ought-and-Ought-Not-to-Be: Centrality and Dispersion, Connectedness and Loneliness -- 3. Time in the World-as-It-Ought-and-Ought-Not-to-Be: Stasis, Change, and Death -- 4. Inside and Outside: The Configuration of Space in the World-as-It-Ought-and-Ought-Not-to-Be -- 5. The Explosive Finale: Reading Backwards from the Epilogue -- Epilogue: Negotiating and Renegotiating the World -- Bibliography -- Index of Names -- Index of Subjects -- Index of Scriptures.
Sommario/riassunto	In Contested Creations in the Book of Job: the-world-as-it-ought- and -ought-not-to-be Abigail Pelham reads the Book of Job both 'forwards' —examining the perspectives on creation presented by Job and his friends and corrected by God's authoritative voice from the whirlwind— and 'backwards,' demonstrating how the epilogue explodes readers' certainties, forcing a reappraisal of the characters' claims. The epilogue, Pelham argues, changes the book from one containing answers about creation to one which poses questions: What does it mean to make the world? Who has the power to create? If humans have

creative power, is it divinely sanctioned, or has Job, acting creatively, set himself up as God's rival? Engaging more thoroughly with Job's ambiguity than previous scholars have done, *Contested Creations* explores the possibilities raised by these questions and considers their implications both within the book and beyond.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911020416803321
Autore	Steinberg Christian E. W
Titolo	Aquatic Animal Nutrition : Plant Compounds and Dietary Obstacles // by Christian E. W. Steinberg
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer Nature Switzerland : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2025
ISBN	3-031-97988-5
Edizione	[1st ed. 2025.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (967 pages)
Disciplina	577.6 577.7
Soggetti	Freshwater ecology Marine ecology Animal culture Food - Analysis Animal biotechnology Freshwater and Marine Ecology Animal Science Food Analysis Animal Biotechnology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1. Plant Compounds, Structures, Visions: 'Only for Vegetarians?' -- Chapter 2. Carotenoids: 'Only for Beauty Fans?' -- Chapter 3. Phenolic Compounds: 'More than Longevity Drugs?' -- Chapter 4. Alkaloids: 'Dope or Medication?'. - Chapter 5. Selected Terpenes and More: 'Again Dope or Medicine?' -- Chapter 6. How Phytochemicals Work A Brief Overview: 'Don't Care About Details if Eating Pleases' -- Chapter 7. Phyto- and Mycoosterols: 'Benefit or Risk?'

-- Chapter 8. Cyanobacteria and the Food Chain: 'Cyanobacteria are Also Not Eaten with Pleasure' -- Chapter 9. Mycotoxins: 'Another Noli Me Tangere'.

---

## Sommario/riassunto

Based on positive experiences in human nutrition and healthy aging, individual and combined plant secondary metabolites are added to aquafeeds. The main compounds used are carotenoids, polyphenols, terpenes, and various alkaloids. The pile of supplementation studies with beneficial results is growing rapidly. These benefits include increased immunity, pathogen resistance, or improved gut microbiome diversity. However, a variety of adverse results cannot be ignored. Overall, in Aquatic Animal Nutrition research, this is another area of that is still in its early stages: as with supplementation of plant preparations (Aquatic Animal Nutrition – Plant Preparations), a robust and guiding hypothesis for supplementation is not apparent, and graded dosing is rarely used, especially in the low-dose range. Often, the high doses used lead to the classification of various compounds as anti-nutritional. However, appropriate low-dose supplementation demonstrates that and how aquatic animals can cope with 'anti-nutritional' factors within their adaptive response, indicating that even these compounds may have some nutritional value. In addition, knowledge of the underlying mechanisms of the adaptive response may provide physiological, transcript-omic, and epigenetic means to more sustainably utilize even this 'worthless' food source. The importance of the intestinal microflora is becoming increasingly clear and points to the imperative need to include gut microbiota in replacement studies. Based on the few epigenetic studies currently available, the importance of these processes is demonstrated. The need to integrate such approaches into future studies is emphasized. The so-called hologenomics approach is inevitable. Supplementing aquafeed with terrestrial plant material can introduce toxins and endocrine disruptors. The addition of adsorptive compounds (clay minerals) or functional feed ingredients (prebiotics, probiotics) can at least partially mitigate the adverse effects.

---