Record Nr. UNINA9911019997903321 Autore Lopez-Cozar Delgado Ramon Titolo Spoken, multilingual and multimodal dialogue systems: development and assessment / / Ramon Lopez-Cozar Delgado, Masahiro Araki Chichester, England; ; Hoboken, NJ, : John Wiley, c2005 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9786610739486 9781280739484 1280739487 9780470021576 0470021578 9780470021569 047002156X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (273 p.) Altri autori (Persone) ArakiMasahiro Disciplina 006.54 Soggetti Speech processing systems Multilingual computing Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese Materiale a stampa **Formato** Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [239]-252) and index. Includes web resources. Nota di contenuto Spoken, Multilingual and Multimodal Dialogue Systems; Contents; Preface; 1 Introduction to Dialogue Systems; 1.1 Human-Computer Interaction and Speech Processing; 1.2 Spoken Dialogue Systems; 1.2.1 Technological Precedents: 1.3 Multimodal Dialogue Systems: 1.4 Multilingual Dialogue Systems; 1.5 Dialogue Systems Referenced in This Book; 1.6 Area Organisation and Research Directions; 1.7 Overview of the Book; 1.8 Further Reading; 2 Technologies Employed to Set Up Dialogue Systems; 2.1 Input Interface; 2.1.1 Automatic Speech Recognition; 2.1.2 Natural Language Processing 2.1.3 Face Localisation and Tracking2.1.4 Gaze Tracking; 2.1.5 Lipreading Recognition; 2.1.6 Gesture Recognition; 2.1.7 Handwriting Recognition; 2.2 Multimodal Processing; 2.2.1 Multimodal Data Fusion; 2.2.2 Multimodal Data Storage; 2.2.3 Dialogue Management; 2.2.4 Task Module; 2.2.5 Database Module; 2.2.6 Response Generation; 2.3

Output Interface; 2.3.1 Graphic Generation; 2.3.2 Natural Language

Generation; 2.3.3 Speech Synthesis; 2.3.4 Sound Generation; 2.3.5 Tactile/Haptic Generation; 2.4 Summary; 2.5 Further Reading; 3 Multimodal Dialogue Systems; 3.1 Benefits of Multimodal Interaction 3.1.1 In Terms of System Input3.1.2 In Terms of System Processing; 3.1.3 In Terms of System Output; 3.2 Development of Multimodal Dialogue Systems; 3.2.1 Development Techniques; 3.2.2 Data Fusion; 3.2.3 Architectures of Multimodal Systems; 3.2.4 Animated Agents; 3.2.5 Research Trends; 3.3 Summary; 3.4 Further Reading; 4 Multilingual Dialogue Systems; 4.1 Implications of Multilinguality in the Architecture of Dialogue Systems; 4.1.1 Consideration of Alternatives in Multilingual Dialogue Systems; 4.1.2 Interlingua Approach; 4.1.3 Semantic Frame Conversion Approach 4.1.4 Dialogue-Control Centred Approach4.2 Multilingual Dialogue

4.1.4 Dialogue-Control Centred Approach4.2 Multilingual Dialogue Systems Based on Interlingua; 4.2.1 MIT Voyager System; 4.2.2 MIT Jupiter System; 4.2.3 KIT System; 4.3 Multilingual Dialogue Systems Based on Web Applications; 4.3.1 Requirements for Practical Multilingual Dialogue Systems; 4.3.2 Dialogue Systems Based on Web Applications; 4.3.3 Multilingual Dialogue Systems Based on the MVC Framework; 4.3.4 Implementation of Multilingual Voice Portals; 4.4 Summary; 4.5 Further Reading; 5 Dialogue Annotation, Modelling and Management; 5.1 Dialogue Annotation

5.1.1 Annotation of Spoken Dialogue Corpora5.1.2 Annotation of Multimodal Dialogue Corpora; 5.2 Dialogue Modelling; 5.2.1 State-Transition Networks; 5.2.2 Plans; 5.3 Dialogue Management; 5.3.1 Interaction Strategies; 5.3.2 Confirmation Strategies; 5.4 Implications of Multimodality in the Dialogue Management; 5.4.1 Interaction Complexity; 5.4.2 Confirmations; 5.4.3 Social and Emotional Dialogue; 5.4.4 Contextual Information; 5.4.5 User References; 5.4.6 Response Generation; 5.5 Implications of Multilinguality in the Dialogue Management

5.5.1 Reference Resolution in Multilingual Dialogue Systems

## Sommario/riassunto

Dialogue systems are a very appealing technology with an extraordinary future. Spoken, Multilingual and Multimodal Dialogues Systems: Development and Assessment addresses the great demand for information about the development of advanced dialogue systems combining speech with other modalities under a multilingual framework. It aims to give a systematic overview of dialogue systems and recent advances in the practical application of spoken dialogue systems. Spoken Dialogue Systems are computer-based systems developed to provide information and carry out simple tasks using speech as the

Record Nr. UNINA9911020190703321 Autore **Bouclier Robin** Titolo **IGA** Pubbl/distr/stampa Newark:,: John Wiley & Sons, Incorporated,, 2023 ©2023 **ISBN** 9781394229635 1394229631 9781394229611 1394229615 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (230 pages) Altri autori (Persone) PassieuxJean-Charles 518/.25 Disciplina Soggetti Isogeometric analysis Finite element method - Data processing Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Nota di contenuto Cover -- Title Page -- Copyright Page -- Contents -- Preface --Chapter 1. IGA: A Projection of FEM onto a Powerful Reduced Basis --1.1. Introduction -- 1.2. Some necessary elements for B-spline and NURBS-based IGA -- 1.2.1.B-spline and NURBS basics -- 1.2.2. krefinement: increasing both the polynomial degree and the regularity -- 1.2.3. The trimming concept and analysis-suitable model issue --1.3. The link between IGA and FEM -- 1.3.1. The Bézier extraction --1.3.2.TheLagrangeextraction -- 1.3.3.The extractionin case of NURBS -- 1.4. Non-invasive implementation using a global bridge between IGA and FEM -- 1.4.1. The common practice -- 1.4.2. A fully non-

invasive implementation scheme -- 1.5.Numerical experiments -- 1.5.1. Simple but illustrative examples -- 1.5.2. An example of non-invasive nonlinear isogeometric analysis -- 1.6.Summaryand discussion

-- 1.7.References -- Chapter 2. Non-invasive Global/Local Hybrid

invasiveness: a need for industry -- 2.2.1. Several scales of interest -- 2.2.2. Typical coupling techniques in the industry -- 2.2.3. A non-invasive approach as a remedy -- 2.3. General formulation of the coupling and iterative solution -- 2.3.1. Governing equations -- 2.3.2.

IGA/FEM Coupling -- 2.1. Introduction -- 2.2. Origin of non-

Weak form and monolithic approach -- 2.3.3.Non-invasiveiterative approach -- 2.4. Interest for the local enrichment of isogeometric models -- 2.4.1. General global-IGA/local-FEM modeling -- 2.4.2. Challenges and implementationissues -- 2.5. Fully non-invasive global-IGA/local-FEM analysis -- 2.5.1. Foundation: non-invasive, non-conforming global/local FEM -- 2.5.2. Extension for the non-invasive hybrid global-IGA/local-FEM coupling -- 2.6.Summaryand discussion -- 2.7.References -- Chapter 3. Non-invasive Spline-based Regularization of FE Digital Image Correlation Problems -- 3.1. Brief introduction.

3.2. An introduction to the general field of FE-DIC from a numerical point ofview -- 3.2.1. FE-DIC: towards an intimate coupling between measurements and simulations -- 3.2.2. Formulation of DIC: a nonlinear least-squares problem -- 3.2.3. SolutionofDIC: descent algorithms -- 3.2.4. Extension to stereo-DIC -- 3.2.5. Standardregularization in FE-DIC -- 3.3. Multilevel and non-invasive CAD-based shape measurement -- 3.3.1. Inspiration: structural shape optimization -- 3.3.2. The proposed multilevel geometric and non-

optimization -- 3.3.2. The proposed multilevel geometric and non-invasive scheme -- 3.3.3. Validation through a real example -- 3.3.4. Summaryand discussion -- 3.4.AsplineFFD-based regularizationforFE-DIC -- 3.4.1. The FFD-DIC methodology -- 3.4.2. Application for the displacement measurement of a 2D beam -- 3.4.3. Application to mesh-based shape measurement -- 3.4.4.Summaryand discussion -- 3.5.References -- Index -- EULA.

Sommario/riassunto

Isogeometric analysis (IGA) consists of using the same higher-order and smooth spline functions for the representation of geometry in Computer Aided Design as for the approximation of solution fields in Finite Element Analysis. Now, almost twenty years after its creation, substantial works are being reported in IGA, making it very competitive in scientific computing. This book proposes to use IGA jointly with standard finite element methods (FEM), presenting IGA as a projection of FEM on a more regular reduced basis. By shedding new light on how IGA relates to FEM, we can see how IGA can be implemented on top of an FE code in order to improve the solution of problems that require more regularity. This is illustrated by using IGA with FEM in a non-invasive fashion to perform efficient and robust multiscale global/local simulations in solid mechanics. Furthermore, we show that IGA can regularize the inverse problem of FE digital image correlation in experimental mechanics.