

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996390102703316
Autore	Firmin Giles <1614-1697.>
Titolo	Scripture-warrant sufficient proof for infant-baptism: being a reply to Mr. Grantham's Presumption no proof [[electronic resource]] : Wherein his pretended answer to two questions propounded to the Anabaptists by G.F. is examined, and found to be no answer. With a brief discourse upon infant-regeneration, denied by Anabaptists. Baptism without dipping valid. By Giles Firmin
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : printed for Tho. Parkhurst at the Bible and Three Crowns at the lower end of Cheapside, 1688
Descrizione fisica	[10], 84 p
Soggetti	Infant baptism
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	In response to Grantham, Thomas. Presumption no proof, or, Mr. Petto's arguments for infant-baptism considered and answered. Copy tightly bound; with print show-through. Reproduction of the original in the Dr. Williams' Library, London.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0037

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911019419803321
Titolo	Community acquired pneumonia : strategies for management / / edited by Antoni Torres and Rosario Menendez
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chichester, England ; ; Hoboken, NJ, : John Wiley & Sons, c2008
ISBN	9786611841058 9780470772775 0470772778 9781281841056 1281841056 9780470772782 0470772786
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (287 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	Torres MartiA (Antoni) MenendezRosario
Disciplina	616.2/41 616.241
Soggetti	Community-acquired pneumonia Pneumonia
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Community-Acquired Pneumonia; Contents; Preface; List of Contributors; 1 Epidemiology of Community-Acquired Pneumonia Outside Hospital; 2 Epidemiology of Adult Hospitalized Community-Acquired Pneumonia; 3 Microbial Aetiology and Antibiotic Resistances in Community-Acquired Pneumonia; 4 Microbiological Diagnosis of Community-Acquired Pneumonia; 5 Empirical Treatment of Community-Acquired Pneumonia: Current Guidelines; 6 Pathogen Directed Antimicrobial Treatment of Pneumonia; 7 General Pharmacological Considerations in Antibiotic Treatment of Community-Acquired Pneumonia 8 -Lactams in the Therapy of Community-Acquired Pneumonia 9 Macrolides and Ketolides; 10 Role of Fluoroquinolones in the Treatment of Community-Acquired Pneumonia; 11 Non-Responding Pneumonia; 12 Influenza and Pneumococcal Vaccination for Prevention of

Sommario/riassunto

Community-Acquired Pneumonia (CAP) refers to pneumonia acquired outside of hospitals or extended-care facilities, and is distinct from Nosocomial or hospital-acquired pneumonia, which is a separate disease entity. It is one of the most common respiratory infections and presents one of the major health problems today, with an incidence that ranges from eight to fifty cases per thousand individuals each year. Mortality is still very high and yet the risk factors are very well known. Many of these are related to antibiotic treatment; delay in administration, inadequacy of empiric antibiotic

3. Record Nr. UNINA9910263959203321

**Titolo** Journal of constructivist psychology

**Pubbl/distr/stampa** [London], : Taylor & Francis

**ISSN** 1521-0650

**Disciplina** 150

**Soggetti** Personal construct theory  
Constructivism (Psychology)  
Constructivism  
Konstruktivismus  
Psychologie  
Zeitschrift  
Online-Ressource  
Periodicals.

**Lingua di pubblicazione** Inglese

**Formato** Materiale a stampa

**Livello bibliografico** Periodico

**Note generali** Refereed/Peer-reviewed

