

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910451224703321
Titolo	The French Revolution and Napoleon : a sourcebook // edited by Philip G. Dwyer and Peter McPhee
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London : , : Routledge, , 2002
ISBN	1-134-63837-X 1-280-10605-0 0-585-45286-5 0-203-45683-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (236 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	DwyerPhilip G McPheePeter <1948->
Disciplina	944.04
Soggetti	Napoleonic Wars, 1800-1815 Electronic books. France History Revolution, 1789-1799 Sources
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	Book Cover; Title; Contents; List of illustrations; About the editors; Preface; A note on the Revolutionary Calendar; Chronology; The Ancien Regime challenged; Revolutionary action; Creating a regenerated France; Exclusions and inclusions; The Church and the revolutionary State; Monarchy and revolution; The Revolution at war; The end of the monarchy; The peasantry and the rural environment; A new civic culture; The republic at war; Revolt in the Vendee; The Terror at work; The Thermidorian reaction; The Directory; Bonaparte; Law and order; Rule by plebiscite; Governing the Empire Resistance and repressionThe Russian catastrophe; Collapse; The Hundred Days; French men and women reflect; Index
Sommario/riassunto	The French Revolutionary and Napoleonic period was the defining moment for modern European history. Using primary texts, this volume explains the upheavals, terror, and drama that restructured politics and society on such a large scale.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911019173403321
Autore	Harris W. Burleigh
Titolo	Upper Cretaceous and Cenozoic Geology of the Southeastern Atlantic Coastal Plain. N. T172
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified], : American Geophysical Union, 1989
ISBN	1-118-66690-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (100 pages) : illustrations
Collana	Field trip guidebook (International Geological Congress (28th : 1989 : Washington, D.C.)) ; ; T172
Disciplina	553.790974
Soggetti	Geology - Atlantic Coast (U.S.)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Sommario/riassunto	Published by the American Geophysical Union as part of the Field Trip Guidebooks Series, Volume 172. The Atlantic Coastal Plain Province is a low-relief physiographic plain, underlain by a gently-dipping, seaward-thickening wedge of unconsolidated Mesozoic and Cenozoic sediments. The province extends from Cape Cod, Massachusetts to the northwestern extension of the Peninsular arch in Georgia and is separated into emergent and submergent parts. The emerged part, located above sea level, is called the Coastal Plain, whereas the submerged part is the continental shelf. The eastern boundary of the Coastal Plain is the Atlantic shore and the western boundary or inner margin the Fall Line. The Fall Line marks the approximate contact between the underlying igneous and metamorphic rocks of the Piedmont Province and the generally unconsolidated sediments of the Coastal Plain. Coastal Plain sediments contain a record of most of the Upper Cretaceous and Cenozoic stages. These sediments reach their maximum thickness in the Salisbury, Albermarle, and Southeast Georgia embayments, and thin appreciably over the intervening South New Jersey, Norfolk, and Cape Fear arches. This series of alternating basins and highs has produced a complex sequence of lithologic units that vary extensively on a local as well as a regional scale. Lithologic units in the Coastal Plain consist of siliciclastics and carbonates, with

carbonates being more abundant in the Southeast Georgia embayment.
Mild deformation related to reactivation of early Mesozoic grabens and half-grabens has affected various parts of the stratigraphic section.
