

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910961640403321
Autore	Llorca-Jana Manuel <1975->
Titolo	The globalization of merchant banking before 1850 : the case of Huth and Company // Manuel Llorca-Jana
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group, , 2016
ISBN	1-351-54393-8 1-351-54394-6 1-315-08638-7
Edizione	[First Edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (185 pages) : illustrations
Disciplina	332.1/540941
Soggetti	Merchant banks - Great Britain - History Banks and banking - Great Britain - History Great Britain Commerce History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	chapter Introduction -- chapter 1 Early life and activities of Frederick Huth, founder of the company, c.1777-1822 -- chapter 2 Expansion of the firm during the 1820s–1830s and the South American branches -- chapter 3 Huth & Co.'s Spanish and German connections during the 1820s–1840s -- chapter 4 The Liverpool branch, agents in Britain and the US connection -- chapter 5 A global enterprise of trade and lending -- chapter 6 Risk-management credit strategies -- chapter 7 Conclusions.
Sommario/riassunto	"London merchant bankers emerged during the 1820s in the wake of financial turmoil caused by the wars of American Independence, the Napoleonic campaigns and the Anglo-American war of 1812. Though the majority of merchant bankers remained cautious in their affairs, Huth & Co established an impressive global network of trade and lending, dealing with over 6,000 correspondents in more than seventy countries. Based on archival research, this comparative study provides a new chronology of early nineteenth-century commercial and financial expansion.Huth & Co. were truly market-makers and key intermediaries of commodities and capital flows in the international economy. This is an important example of a firm shaping globalisation

well before the transport and communication revolution of the last quarter of the nineteenth century. But rather than a case study, this is a comparative study concerned with the commercial and financial activities of the leading merchant-bankers of the periodThis book will be of great interest to business and economic historians interested in the nature of the early decades of the first globalization."--Provided by publisher.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911011292003321
Autore	Schneider Marcel
Titolo	The Imperial Qín Dynasty : Elements of Governance as Reflected in the Ly Manuscripts // Marcel Schneider
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin ; ; Boston : , : De Gruyter, , [2024] 2025
ISBN	3-11-079185-4
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XI, 260 p.)
Collana	Welten Ostasiens / Worlds of East Asia / Mondes de l'Extrême Orient : Im Auftrag der Schweizerischen Asien-gesellschaft - On behalf of the Swiss Asia Society - Au nom de la Société Suisse-Asie , , 1660-9131 ; ; 37
Disciplina	931.04
Soggetti	SOCIAL SCIENCE / Regional Studies
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgements -- Periodization -- Abbreviations -- 1 Introduction -- 2 The Manuscripts -- 3 Calendar and Timekeeping Systems -- 4 Administrative Geography -- 5 Corvée Labor -- 6 Resource Management -- 7 Conclusion -- Appendix -- List of Figures -- List of Tables -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	The Ly text corpus, which is named after an ancient township in present-day Lóngshān , Húnán province, grants unique opportunities to reshape the image and redefine our knowledge about social, legal, political, administrative and ritual responsibilities of the first Chinese empire. The impressive collection of over 37,000 documents span a time period from 222 to 208 BC and grant a unique

opportunity to reshape the image and redefine our knowledge about social, legal, political, logistical and ritual responsibilities of the first Chinese empire. This book is concerned with the overall governance at the southern fringes of the Qín dynasty as reflected in the excavated documents from Ly well J1. It contributes to a revised understanding of the Qín dynasty by demonstrating that the degree of decentralization in the empire was high and to a large extent coordinated by relatively autonomously governed regions. It furthermore displays the Qín dynasty's strong sense of historical continuity and a desire to strive towards unification by embracing the predominant standards of earlier rulers. After an introductory part on the Ly material, this book analyzes Qín's sophisticated methods of calendar and timekeeping. It then dwells into the territoriality of the young empire and focuses on unification attempts bound to transform the pre-imperial multistate order into a standardized system of governance and control. The last part deals with the organization of essential resources, including unprecedented tax calculations 'district' (xing) level. Overall, this book offers a fascinating glimpse at the many microstructures and complexities in the peripheral area of a larger administration. The manuscripts available to us to this day and the ones that will be excavated from wells J2 and J3 in the future will undoubtedly continue to be a basic reference point when it comes to the research of pre-imperial and early imperial documents.
