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Description

2.6 The Input-State-Output Description, and Equivalent Circuits of Thevenin and Norton Type 2.7 Lines Connected to Linear Lumped Circuits; 2.8 A Glimpse at a Transmission Line Connected to a Nonlinear One-Port: State Equations in Normal Form; 2.9 Ideal Two-Conductor Transmission Lines with Distributed Sources; Chapter 3. Ideal Multiconductor Transmission Lines; 3.1 d'Alembert Solution for Ideal Multiconductor Transmission Lines; 3.2 Infinite Multiconductor Transmission Lines; 3.3 Semi-infinite Multiconductor Transmission Lines and Equivalent Circuits 3.4 Ideal Multiconductor Transmission Lines as Multiports 3.5 The Input-State-Output Description and the Equivalent Circuits of Thevenin and Norton Type; 3.6 Multiconductor Lines with Homogeneous Dielectric; 3.7 Multiconductor Transmission Line Connected to Linear Resistive Multiports; 3.8 A Particular Solution of the Ideal Multiconductor Transmission Line Equations with Distributed Sources; 3.9 Properties of the Characteristic Conductance Matrix G_c and Resistance Matrix R_c ; Chapter 4. Lossy Two-Conductor Transmission Lines; 4.1 Lossy Transmission Lines are Dispersive 4.2 Solution of the Lossy Transmission Line Equations in the Laplace Domain 4.3 The Propagation Along a Lossy Transmission Line; 4.4 Semi-infinite Lossy Line Connected to an Ideal Current Source; 4.5 Representation of Lossy Two-Conductor Lines as Two-Ports; 4.6 The Input-State-Output Description; 4.7 Input-Output Descriptions in Explicit Form; 4.8 A Lossy Transmission Line Connecting Two Linear Resistive One-Ports; 4.9 The Matching Problem for Lossy Lines; 4.10 Lossy Transmission Lines with Distributed Sources 4.11 Characterization of the Terminal Behavior of the Line Through the Scattering Parameters

Sommario/riassunto

The theory of transmission lines is a classical topic of electrical engineering. Recently this topic has received renewed attention and has been a focus of considerable research. This is because the transmission line theory has found new and important applications in the area of high-speed VLSI interconnects, while it has retained its significance in the area of power transmission. In many applications, transmission lines are connected to nonlinear circuits. For instance, interconnects of high-speed VLSI chips can be modelled as transmission lines loaded with nonlinear elements. These nonl
