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Autore	Capovilla, Loris Francesco <1915- >
Titolo	Papa Giovanni XXIII Gran Sacerdote, come lo ricordo / Loris Francesco Capovilla
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roma : Edizioni di Storia e Letteratura, 1977
Descrizione fisica	181 p. ; 21 cm
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Collocazione	282.092 GIOVANNI XXIII 6
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2. Record Nr.	UNINA990005870130403321
Autore	Kabaphs, Konstantinos
Titolo	Settantacinque poesie / Constantino Kavafis ; a cura di Nelo Risi e Margherita Dalmati
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Torino : Einaudi, c1992
ISBN	88-06-13147-8
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Locazione	FLFBC
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<b>Titolo</b>	Communication, Science, Technology, and Innovation in Disaster Risk Management : Recent Trends and Approaches in South Asia / / edited by Swapan Talukdar, Ranit Chatterjee, Somnath Bera, Atish Prashar, Rajib Shaw
<b>Pubbl/distr/stampa</b>	Cham : , : Springer Nature Switzerland : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2025
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<b>Descrizione fisica</b>	1 online resource (XX, 218 p. 79 illus., 69 illus. in color.)
<b>Collana</b>	GIScience and Geo-environmental Modelling, , 2730-7514
<b>Disciplina</b>	500
<b>Soggetti</b>	Earth sciences Geography Earth and Environmental Sciences
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<b>Nota di contenuto</b>	Introduction of Disaster Risk Management -- Impact of Cyclonic Induced Hazard on Ecotourism in Indian Sunderban Region -- Impact Assessment of Glacial Lake Outburst Flood (GLOF) on Infrastructure in Nepal Himalaya -- Urban Flood and its Impact on Health in Informal Settlement of Developing Nation: A study from Pune, India -- Communication Strategies in Disaster Risk Reduction: An Systematic Review in Asian and Pacific countries -- Communicating Through Radio in Disaster Early Warning System: The Cases in Coastal India -- Cognitive Dissonance and Disaster Risk Reduction: The Studies in Asian Countries -- Understanding Risk Communication in Covid-19 Disaster Preparedness: An Qualitative Study in Rural and Urban India -- Cascading Hazards Assessment Using Hybrid-machine Learning Algorithms -- Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)-based Assessment Landslide Monitoring: An Systematic Review -- Improving Debris Flow Modelling Using Machine Learning -- Developing Rainfall Threshold Method for Improving Multi-hazard Emergency Management -- Social Innovation in Disaster Risk Management -- Innovation in Disaster Resilient Energy Infrastructure -- Climate Change and Innovations: Purpose, Impact and Key Considerations for Scaling up -- Challenges and Opportunities in Scaling up Innovations in Disaster Risk

## Management: Case Study of India.

### Sommario/riassunto

This book presents the three pillars of Disaster Risk Management (DRM): communication, innovation, and science and technology. These three pillars are applied across five dimensions, namely risk identification and reduction, preparedness, financial protection, resilient recovery, and risk-informed investments in South Asia. In the coming decades, the region will experience rapid economic development and population growth, which, combined with the effects of climate change, will increase the likelihood of being affected by hazards. As hazards can negatively impact every sector of the economy and undo years of economic progress, effective measures to reduce the risk must be incorporated into development plans and poverty reduction strategies. Technological advances have opened up previously unimaginable opportunities to strengthen resilience and improve communications. In the South Asia, it has been experienced that the prevention of hazards and the development of emergency plans enabled by advances in communications and space technology can be much more successful and significantly costly effective than in the past. The use of space technology in disaster monitoring, early warning, and emergency response and for response has shown remarkable efficiency. New approaches to Disaster Risk Management (DRM) are becoming more available due to recent advances in space and communication technology. This book focuses on the use and innovation of space technology and communication for DRM in two specific areas: the Early Warning System (EWS) and the Disaster Information Management System (DIMS).