Record Nr. UNINA9910975320103321 Autore Perez-Sanchez Gema <1965-> Titolo Queer transitions in contemporary Spanish culture: from Franco to la movida / / Gema Perez-Sanchez New York, : State University of New York Press, c2007 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9780791479773 0791479773 9781435626867 1435626869 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (275 p.) Suny series in Latin American and Iberian thought and culture Collana Disciplina 860.9/353 Soggetti Spanish literature - 20th century - History and criticism Homosexuality in literature Literature and society - Spain Fascism and literature - Spain Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 223-241) and index. Nota di contenuto Franco's Spain and the self-loathing homosexual model -- Reading, writing, and the love that dares not speak its name -- From castrating fascist, mother-nation to cross-dressed late-capitalist democracy: Eduardo Mendicutti's Una mala noche la tiene cualquiera -- A voyage in feminist pedagogy: citationality in Cristina Peri Rossi's La nave de los locos -- Drawing difference: the cultural renovations of the 1980's. Gema Pérez-Sánchez argues that the process of political and cultural Sommario/riassunto transition from dictatorship to democracy in Spain can be read allegorically as a shift from a dictatorship that followed a self-loathing "homosexual" model to a democracy that identified as a pluralized "queer" body. Focusing on the urban cultural phenomenon of la movida, she offers a sustained analysis of high queer culture, as

represented by novels, along with an examination of low queer culture, as represented by comic books and films. Pérez-Sánchez shows that urban queer culture played a defining role in the cultural and political processes that helped to move Spain from a premodern, fascist military dictatorship to a late-capitalist, parliamentary democracy. The book

highlights the contributions of women writers Ana María Moix and Cristina Peri Rossi, as well as comic book artists Ana Juan, Victoria Martos, Ana Miralles, and Asun Balzola. Its attention to women's cultural production functions as a counterpoint to its analysis of the works of such male writers as Juan Goytisolo and Eduardo Mendicutti, comic book artists Nazario, Rubén, and Luis Pérez Ortiz, and filmmaker Pedro Almodóvar.