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Autore	Istituto geografico militare
Titolo	S. Severo [Documento cartografico] / IGMI
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Firenze : IGMI, 1969
Edizione	[5. ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 carta : color. ; 44 x 40 cm su foglio 61 x 51 cm
Collana	Carta d'Italia alla scala 1:100000 , Serie M 691 L ; 155
Localione	ILFGE
Collocazione	MP Cass.1 100 (155)C
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale cartografico a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Dai rilievi del 1957 Il meridiano di riferimento è Monte Mario, Roma La carta presenta i confini amministrativi

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910975267903321
Autore	Kumar Anjali
Titolo	Enterprise size, financing patterns, and credit constraints in Brazil : analysis of data from the investment climate assessment survey / / Anjali Kumar, Manuela Francisco
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C., : World Bank, c2005
ISBN	1-280-14141-7 9786610141418 1-4175-9098-X
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	v, 62 pages ; ; 26 cm
Collana	World Bank working paper, , 1726-5878 ; ; no. 49
Altri autori (Persone)	FranciscoManuela
Disciplina	338.6/40981
Soggetti	Economics - Brazil Brazil Economic conditions
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Contents -- Preface -- Introduction -- Firm Size, Financing, Access to Credit, and Credit Constraints -- Financial Institution Ownership and Access to Credit -- Financial Access as an Obstacle to Growth Compared to Other Variables -- Conclusion -- Appendix -- References -- LIST OF TABLES -- 1. The Dataset: Characteristics of Sample Firms -- 2. The Dataset: Alternative Classifications of Firm Size -- 3. Firm Size and Sources of Finance: Working Capital and New Investments -- 4. Bank Ownership: No. and Percentage of Firms by Ownership Category -- 5. Access to Credit and Credit Constraints-Breakdown per Type of Bank -- 6. Firm Size and Finance Related Obstacles to Growth -- A.1. GDP, Population, and Branch Density per State -- A.2. The Dataset (Size, Region, Industry, Manager's Education, Sales Growth) -- A.3. Definition and Construction of Variables -- A.4. Source of Finance-Working Capital -- A.5. Source of Finance: New Investments -- A.6. Overdrafts, Credit Lines and Trade Credit -- A.7. Firm Size and Number of Banks Firms Do Business with -- A.8. Size, Region, Education, Industry, and Sales Growth Effects on Access to Credit and Credit Constraints -- A.9. Reasons for Not Applying for a Bank Loan and Reasons for Bank Loan Rejection -- A.10. The Importance of Collateral and Shares of Collateral -- A.11. Regression

Results-Firm Characteristics, Performance and the Probability of Having a Loan -- A.12. The Impact of Firm Size on the Likelihood of Having a Loan: Model 2 -- A.13. The Likelihood of Having a Loan According to Its Duration -- A.14. The Impact of Bank Ownership on the Firm's Likelihood of Having a Loan-Model 2-Sample Split by Bank Ownership -- A.15. The Impact of Bank Ownership on the Firm's Likelihood of Having a Loan-Model 2-Consolidated Sample -- A.16. Probability of Having a Loan from a Public Bank or a BNDES Credit Line. A.17. Obstacles to Growth-Firm Size and Other Factors -- A.18. The Relative Importance of Obstacles to Growth and Firm Size.

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## Sommario/riassunto

Enterprise Size, Financing Patterns, and Credit Constraints in Brazil investigates the importance of firm size with respect to accessing credit. The principal findings are that size strongly affects access to credit compared to firm performance, and other factors, such as management education, location or the industrial sector to which the firm belongs. Additional findings are that the impact of size on access to credit is greater for longer term loans and that public financial institutions are more likely to lend to large firms. Finally, financial access constraints may have a less significant differential impact across firms of different sizes than other constraints, though cost of finance as a constraint is very important.

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