

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910974032403321
Autore	Mihet Roxana
Titolo	Effects of Culture on Firm Risk-Taking : : A Cross-Country and Cross-Industry Analysis // Roxana Mihet
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2012
ISBN	9781475515626 1475515626 9781475543834 1475543832
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (51 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/12/210
Disciplina	332.1/52
Soggetti	Corporate governance Culture Asset prices Banking Banks and Banking Capital and Ownership Structure Central bank policy rate Competition Corporate Culture Corporate Finance Deflation Diversity Economic History: Financial Markets and Institutions: General, International, or Comparative Economic sectors Finance Finance: General Financial Markets and the Macroeconomy Financial markets Financial Risk and Risk Management Financial sector development Financial services industry Financial services Financing Policy Firm Objectives, Organization, and Behavior: General Foreign corporations

General Financial Markets: General (includes Measurement and Data)
Goodwill
Inflation
Interest rates
Interest Rates: Determination, Term Structure, and Effects
International Business
Macroeconomics
Multinational Firms
Multinationals
Price Level
Prices
Social Responsibility
Value of Firms
United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Table of Contents; I. Introduction; II. Literature Review; III. Data; A. Measuring National Culture; B. Limitations of Cultural Variables; Tables; 1. Correlation Matrix of National Cultural Dimensions; C. Measuring Firm Risk-Taking; D. Measuring Industry Informational Opacity; 2. Industry Informational Opacity; E. Control Variables; IV. Hypotheses Development; A. Direct Effects of Culture; B. Indirect Effects of Culture; 3. Correlation Matrix between National Culture and Governance Indicators; 4. Correlation Matrix between National Culture and Protection Mechanisms 5. Correlation Matrix between National Culture and Industry IndicatorsV. Empirical Model; VI. Results and Discussion; A. Direct Effects of Culture; 6. Effects of National Culture on Corporate Risk-Taking; B. Indirect Effects of Culture; VII. Accentuating/ Moderating Factors; 7. Accentuating/Moderating Factors; VIII. Further Identification Test: Foreign vs. Domestic Firms; 8. Foreign Firms. Risk-Taking Behavior and Culture; IX. Concluding Remarks; X. References; Appendix; A. Measuring National Culture; B. Measuring Industry Informational Opacity; C. Regression Results D. Data Sources and DefinitionsE. Summary Statistics Tables
Sommario/riassunto	This paper investigates the effects of national culture on firm risk-taking, using a comprehensive dataset covering 50,000 firms in 400 industries in 51 countries. Risk-taking is found to be higher for domestic firms in countries with low uncertainty aversion, low tolerance for hierarchical relationships, and high individualism. Domestic firms in such countries tend to take substantially more risk in industries which are more informationally opaque (e.g. finance, mining, IT). Risk-taking by foreign firms is best explained by the cultural norms of their country of origin. These cultural norms do not proxy for legal constraints, insurance safety nets, or economic development.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910298278703321
Autore	Pottiez Gwenael
Titolo	Mass Spectrometry: Developmental Approaches to Answer Biological Questions // by Gwenael Pottiez
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2015
ISBN	3-319-13087-0
Edizione	[1st ed. 2015.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (77 p.)
Collana	SpringerBriefs in Bioengineering, , 2193-097X
Disciplina	54 543.2-543.8 610 660.63
Soggetti	Spectrum analysis Biochemical engineering Medicine Spectroscopy/Spectrometry Biochemical Engineering Biomedicine, general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	General and most usual proteomics methods based on mass spectrometry analysis: Protein identification and protein quantification -- Direct analysis of tissues and body fluids -- Mass spectrometry in archaeology -- Determination and quantification of post-translational modifications -- Protein-Protein interaction determined by mass spectrometry -- Protein structure analysis -- Determination of protein function by mass spectrometry -- Computer-assisted data analysis and data mining for new applications.
Sommario/riassunto	The understanding of the events taking place in a cell, a biological fluid or in any biological system is the main goal of biology research. Many fields of research use different technology to assess those events. Mass spectrometry is one of those techniques and this undergoes constant evolution and adaptation to always enhance the accuracy of the information provided. Proteomics provides a large panel of data

on protein identity and protein expression that were made possible by mass spectrometry. For several years now mass spectrometry has become central to performing proteomic research, however this powerful tool is under constant evolution to be more sensitive and more resolute. More importantly mass spectrometry became a field of research focusing on new applications. Indeed, the complexity in biological systems relies on the changes of expression of transcription of proteins but also on the post-translational modification of proteins, the structure of proteins and the interaction between proteins, amongst others. As of now, several investigations tried to improve the quantification of proteins by mass spectrometry, the determination of post-translational modifications, the protein-protein and protein-nucleic acids interaction or the proteins structures. This book is structured as follows: after a brief introduction of the usual and most popular applications for mass spectrometry in proteomics, the most recent research and developments in mass spectrometry-based methodologies will be explored.
