

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910973334803321
Autore	Abu-Lughod Lila
Titolo	Do Muslim women need saving? // Lila Abu-Lughod
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, Massachusetts : , : Harvard University Press, , 2013
ISBN	9780674727502 0674727509 9780674726338 0674726332
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (335 p.)
Disciplina	305.48697
Soggetti	Muslim women - Civil rights Muslim women - Social conditions Women's rights - Islamic countries
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 279-304) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Do Muslim women (still) need saving? -- The new common sense -- Authorizing moral crusades -- Seductions of the "Honor Crime" -- The social life of Muslim women's rights -- An anthropologist in the territory of rights -- Conclusion: Registers of humanity.
Sommario/riassunto	Frequent reports of honor killings, disfigurement, and sensational abuse have given rise to a consensus in the West, a message propagated by human rights groups and the media: Muslim women need to be rescued. The author challenges this conclusion. An anthropologist who has been writing about Arab women for thirty years, she delves into the predicaments of Muslim women today, questioning whether generalizations about Islamic culture can explain the hardships these women face and asking what motivates particular individuals and institutions to promote their rights. In recent years the author has struggled to reconcile the popular image of women victimized by Islam with the complex women she has known through her research in various communities in the Muslim world. Here, she renders that divide vivid by presenting detailed vignettes of the lives of ordinary Muslim women, and showing that the problem of gender inequality cannot be laid at the feet of religion alone. Poverty and

authoritarianism, conditions not unique to the Islamic world, and produced out of global interconnections that implicate the West, are often more decisive. The standard Western vocabulary of oppression, choice, and freedom is too blunt to describe these women's lives. This work is an indictment of a mindset that has justified all manner of foreign interference, including military invasion, in the name of rescuing women from Islam, as well as a portrait of women's actual experiences, and of the contingencies with which they live.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910971050603321
Autore	Thomson Keith Stewart
Titolo	Jefferson's shadow : the story of his science / / Keith Thomson
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Haven, : Yale University Press, c2012
ISBN	9781283742306 1283742306 9780300187403 0300187408
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (288 p.)
Disciplina	973.4/6092 B
Soggetti	Science - History - 18th century Science - History - 19th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	pt. 1. The young Jefferson -- pt. 2. Natural science -- pt. 3. They, the people -- pt. 4. Useful knowledge -- pt. 5. The national stage -- pt. 6. Philosophical issues.
Sommario/riassunto	In the voluminous literature on Thomas Jefferson, little has been written about his passionate interest in science. This new and original study of Jefferson presents him as a consummate intellectual whose view of science was central to both his public and his private life. Keith Thomson reintroduces us in this remarkable book to Jefferson's eighteenth-century world and reveals the extent to which Jefferson

used science, thought about it, and contributed to it, becoming in his time a leading American scientific intellectual. With a storyteller's gift, Thomson shows us a new side of Jefferson. He answers an intriguing series of questions-How was Jefferson's view of the sciences reflected in his political philosophy and his vision of America's future? How did science intersect with his religion? Did he make any original contributions to scientific knowledge?-and illuminates the particulars of Jefferson's scientific endeavors. Thomson discusses Jefferson's theories that have withstood the test of time, his interest in the practical applications of science to societal problems, his leadership in the use of scientific methods in agriculture, and his contributions toward launching at least four sciences in America: geography, paleontology, climatology, and scientific archaeology. A set of delightful illustrations, including some of Jefferson's own sketches and inventions, completes this impressively researched book.
