Record Nr. UNINA9910973064903321 Autore Quilligan Maureen **Titolo** Incest and Agency in Elizabeth's England / / Maureen Quilligan Pubbl/distr/stampa Philadelphia:,: University of Pennsylvania Press,, [2011] ©2005 **ISBN** 9786613212023 9781283212021 1283212021 9780812203301 0812203305 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (290 p.) Disciplina 820.93552 LITERARY CRITICISM Soggetti Women Authors English literature - History and criticism - Early modern, 1500-1700 -**England** Incest in literature - History - 16th century - England Feminism and literature - History - 16th century Women and literature **English** Languages & Literatures **English Literature** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- 1. Halting the Traffic in Women: Theoretical Foundations -- 2. Elizabeth I (with a Note on Marguerite de Navarre) --3. Sir Philip Sidney's Queen -- 4. Mary Sidney Herbert (with a Note on Elizabeth Cary) -- 5. Spenser's Britomart -- 6. Mary Wroth -- 7. Shakespeare's Cordelia -- Epilogue: Milton's Eve -- Notes -- Index --Acknowledgments Maureen Quilligan explores the remarkable presence in the Renaissance Sommario/riassunto

of what she calls "incest schemes" in the books of a small number of influential women who claimed an active female authority by writing in

high canonical genres and who, even more transgressively for the time, sought publication in print. It is no accident for Quilligan that the first printed work of Elizabeth I was a translation done at age eleven of a poem by Marguerite de Navarre, in which the notion of "holy" incest is the prevailing trope. Nor is it coincidental that Mary Wroth, author of the first sonnet cycle and prose romance by a woman printed in English, described in these an endogamous, if not legally incestuous, illegitimate relationship with her first cousin. Sir Philip Sidney and his sister, the Countess of Pembroke, translated the psalms together, and after his death she finished his work by revising it for publication; the two were the subject of rumors of incest. Isabella Whitney cast one of her most important long poems as a fictive legacy to her brother, arguably because such a relationship resonated with the power of endogamous female agency. Elizabeth Carey's closet drama about Mariam, the wife of Herod, spends important energy on the tie between sister and brother. Quilligan also reads male-authored meditations on the relationship between incest and female agency and sees a far different Cordelia, Britomart, and Eve from what traditional scholarship has heretofore envisioned. Incest and Agency in Elizabeth's England makes a signal contribution to the conversation about female agency in the early modern period. While contemporary anthropological theory deeply informs her understanding of why some Renaissance women writers wrote as they did, Quilligan offers an important corrective to modern theorizing that is grounded in the historical texts themselves.