

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910971552303321
Autore	Roemer John E
Titolo	Political competition : theory and applications // John E. Roemer
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, MA, : Harvard University Press, 2001
ISBN	9780674042858 0674042859
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (335 pages) : illustrations
Classificazione	MF 3010
Disciplina	324.23
Soggetti	Political parties - Mathematical models Democracy - Mathematical models
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Originally published: 2001.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 323-326) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preface Introduction 1. Political Competition over a Single Issue: The Case of Certainty 1.1 Citizens, Voters, and Parties 1.2 The Downs Model 1.3 The Wittman Model 1.4 Conclusion 2. Modeling Party Uncertainty 2.1 Introduction 2.2 The State-Space Approach to Uncertainty 2.3 An Error-Distribution Model of Uncertainty 2.4 A Finite-Type Model 2.5 Conclusion 3. Unidimensional Policy Spaces with Uncertainty 3.1 Introduction 3.2 The Downs Model 3.3 The Wittman Model: An Example 3.4 Existence of Wittman Equilibrium 3.5 Properties of Wittman Equilibrium 3.6 Summary 4. Applications of the Wittman Model 4.1 Simple Models of Redistribution: The Politics of Extremism 4.2 Politico-Economic Equilibrium with Labor-Supply Elasticity 4.3 Partisan Dogmatism and Political Extremism 4.4 A Dynamic Model of Political Cycles 4.5 Conclusion 5. Endogenous Parties: The Unidimensional Case 5.1 Introduction 5.2 Average-Member Nash Equilibrium 5.3 Condorcet-Nash Equilibrium 5.4 Conclusion 6. Political Competition over Several Issues: The Case of Certainty 6.1 Introduction 6.2 The Downs Model 6.3 The Wittman Model 6.4 Conclusion 7. Multidimensional Issue Spaces and Uncertainty: The Downs Model 7.1 Introduction 7.2 The State-Space and Error-Distribution Models of Uncertainty 7.3 The Coughlin Model 7.4 The Lindbeck-Weibull Model 7.5 Adapting the Coughlin Model to the Case of Aggregate Uncertainty 7.6 Conclusion 8. Party Factions and Nash Equilibrium 8.1 Introduction

8.2 Party Factions 8.3 PUNE as a Bargaining Equilibrium 8.4 A
Differential Characterization of PUNE 8.5 Regular Wittman Equilibrium
8.6 PUNEs in the Unidimensional Model 8.7 PUNEs in a
Multidimensional Euclidean Model 8.8 Conclusion 9. The Democratic
Political Economy of Progressive Taxation 9.1 Introduction 9.2 The
Model 9.3 The Equilibrium Concepts 9.4 Analysis of Party Competition
9.5 Calibration 9.6 Conclusion 10. Why the Poor Do Not Expropriate the
Rich in Democracies 10.1 The Historical Issue and a Model Preview 10.2
The Politico-Economic Environment 10.3 Analysis of PUNEs 10.4
Empirical Tests 10.5 Proofs of Theorems 10.6 Concluding Remark 11.
Distributive Class Politics and the Political Geography of Interwar
Europe 11.1 Introduction 11.2 The Luebbert Model 11.3 Testing
Luebbert's Theory 11.4 Introducing the Communists: A Three-Party
Model 11.5 Conclusion 11.6 Methodological Coda Appendix 11A 12. A
Three-Class Model of American Politics 12.1 Introduction 12.2 The
Model 12.3 Characterization of PUNEs 12.4 Results 12.5 Conclusion 13.
Endogenous Parties with Multidimensional Competition 13.1
Introduction 13.2 Endogenous Parties 13.3 Taxation and Race 13.4
Fitting the Model to U.S. Data 13.5 Quadratic Taxation 13.6 Private
Financing of Parties 13.7 A Technical Remark on the Existence of PUNEs
13.8 Conclusion 13.9 Why the Poor Do Not Expropriate the Rich:
Reprise 14. Toward a Model of Coalition Government 14.1 Introduction
14.2 The Payoff Function of a Wittman Party 14.3 An Example of
Coalition Government: Unidimensional Wittman Equilibrium 14.4
Multidimensional Three-Party Politics 14.5 Coalition Government with a
Multidimensional Issue Space: An Example 14.6 Conclusion
Mathematical Appendix A.1 Basics of Probability Theory A.2 Some
Concepts from Analysis References Index
