1. Record Nr. UNINA9910971523703321 Autore Mays Terry M Titolo Africa's first peacekeeping operation: the OAU in Chad, 1981-1982 / / Terry M. Mays Westport, Conn.:,: Praeger,, 2002 Pubbl/distr/stampa London:,: Bloomsbury Publishing,, 2024 **ISBN** 9798400607462 9786610422890 9781280422898 1280422890 9780313012419 0313012415 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xiv, 192 pages): portraits 967.4304/2 Disciplina Soggetti Peacekeeping forces, African - Chad Peacekeeping forces - Chad Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Includes bibliographical references (p. [169]-186) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover -- AFRICA'S FIRST PEACEKEEPING OPERATION -- Contents --Illustrations -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- Chapter 1 Peacekeeping as a Foreign Policy Tool -- OVERVIEW -- WHAT IS PEACEKEEPING? -- FACTORS OF SUCCESS -- Consent and Acceptance by the Belligerents -- Neutrality -- Concurrent Peace Negotiations --Clear Mandate -- OUTLINE OF THE BOOK -- NOTES -- Chapter 2 Background to the Chadian Crisis -- FACTORS BEHIND THE CHADIAN CIVIL WAR -- Factionalism and French Colonialism -- Libya --INTERNATIONAL REACTION TO THE CHADIAN CIVIL WAR AND LIBYAN INVOLVEMENT IN THE CONFLICT -- Nigeria -- Francophone African States -- France -- United States -- Great Britain -- CHADIAN CIVIL WAR: 1966-1979 -- NOTES -- Chapter 3 The First Peacekeeping Operations in Chad -- THE KANO CONFERENCES AND THE 1979

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## Sommario/riassunto

In 1981 the Organization of African Unity (OAU) mandated and fielded the first regional peacekeeping operation since the Arab League's mission in Kuwait 20 years earlier. Battalion-sized contingents from Nigeria, Senegal, and Zaire were joined by smaller observer contingents from other OAU members in an effort to provide a buffer zone between the two main factions in the Chadian civil war. Mays opens his analysis by providing an overview of the concept of peacekeeping. Several definitions are offered to help distinguish between the various types of peace operations. After examining the concept hegemon, he looks at the ways regional and subregional hegemons utilize peacekeeping operations as foreign policy tools as they protect their interests. Mays argues that Nigeria, as a West African hegemon, served as the moving force behind the mandating and fielding of the OAU peacekeeping mission in Chad. Rather than being purely humanitarian in nature, Nigeria's motivation included the removal of French and later Libyan soldiers from a weak state on its border. However, Nigeria could not perform the task alone. France and the United States were instrumental as well in the mandating and fielding process. French and American interests stemmed from concern over Libyan motives in Chad. Nigeria kept the effort to mandate the peacekeeping operation alive for two years: France proved to be the stimulus behind persuading the Chadian government to accept the deployment of OAU peacekeepers and prompting the Senegalese to contribute a battalion to the mission; the United States contributed by keeping France and Nigeria focused on a peacekeeping solution and helping persuade Zaire to join the mission. Mays offers the first comprehensive examination of the OAU peacekeeping mission and reviews the political and military organization of the force as well as its deployment, redeployment plans, logistics, and operations between the Chadian factions. Utilizing an extensive collection of resources, including interviews with participants, diplomats, and government documents, he provdies a detailed examination of every meeting/conference between 1979 and 1981 that discussed a peacekeeping option for Chad. Factors of success in traditional peacekeeping operations are applied to the OAU mission, and he concludes by reviewing the impact of the 1981-1982 OAU operation on current African peacekeeping trends. An invaluable analysis for scholars, students, and other researchers involved with peacekeeping, international relations, and African studies.