

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910970788503321
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Titolo	Not just a soccer game : colonialism and conflict among Palestinians in Israel // Magid Shihade
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Syracuse, N.Y., : Syracuse University Press, 2011
ISBN	9780815651116 0815651112
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (204 p.)
Collana	Syracuse studies on peace and conflict resolution
Disciplina	305.892/74
Soggetti	Violence - Israel Palestinian Arabs - Israel Violence in sports Sports and state Sports and state - Israel
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction : a soccer game turns violent -- Violent encounters under the eyes of state authorities -- Explaining conflict and violence : a theoretical framework -- Anatomy of communities : tradition and history -- Anatomy of the state : modernity and structure -- Conclusion : violence, modernity and culture revisited.
Sommario/riassunto	On April 11, 1981, two neighboring Palestinian Arab towns competed in a soccer match. Kafr Yassif had a predominantly Christian population, and Julis was a predominantly Druze town. When a fight broke out between fans, the violence quickly escalated, leaving a teenager from each town dead. In the days that followed the game, a group from Julis retaliated with attacks on the residents of Kafr Yassif. Shihade experienced that soccer match and the ensuing violence firsthand, leaving him plagued by questions about why the Israeli authorities did not do more to stop the violence and what led to the conflict between these two neighboring Arab towns. Drawing on interviews, council archives, and media reports, Shihade explores the incident and subsequent attack on Kafr Yassif in the context of prevailing theories of ethnic and communal conflict. He also discusses

the policies of the Israeli state toward its Arab citizens. Countering Orientalist emphases on Arab and Islamic cultures as inherently unruly and sectarian, Shihade challenges existing theories of communal violence, highlighting the significance of colonialism's legacy, modernity, and state structures. In addition, he breaks new ground by documenting and analyzing the use of a traditional Arab conflict resolution method, sulha, which has received little sustained attention from scholars in the West. Shihade opens the toolkits of anthropology, history, political science, and studies of ethnic and communal conflict with the goals of exposing the impact of state policies on minority groups and encouraging humane remedial principles regarding states and society.

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