

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910774898403321
Autore	Usman Zainab
Titolo	Economic diversification in Nigeria : the politics of building a post-oil economy // Zainab Usman
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London [England] : , : Zed Books, , 2022 London [England] : , : Bloomsbury Publishing, , 2022
ISBN	1-78699-394-5 1-350-23767-1
Edizione	[First edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (288 pages)
Collana	Politics and Development in Contemporary Africa
Disciplina	338.9669
Soggetti	Nigeria Economic conditions 21st century Nigeria Economic policy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Description -- Acronyms and Abbreviations -- Glossary -- Nigerian Leaders and Heads of State Since Independence -- Nigerian States by Geo-Political Region -- Acknowledgements -- Chapter 1. The Challenge of Economic Diversification -- Chapter 2. Economic Diversification: Concept, Application and State-Market Relations -- Chapter 3. Unpacking Politics: Power, Actors, and Institutions -- Chapter 4. The Economic and Political Transition to Becoming Africa's Top Oil Producer -- Chapter 5. The Economic and Political Transition to becoming Africa's Largest Economy -- Chapter 6. The Successful and Failed Policy Choices of Becoming Africa's Largest Economy -- Chapter 7. Lagos: The Political Foundations of Economic Diversification in Nigeria's Commercial Capital -- Chapter 8. Kano: The Political Foundations of Nigeria's Failed Agro-Industrial Transition -- Conclusion -- References.
Sommario/riassunto	"Nigeria has for long been regarded as the poster child for the 'curse' of oil wealth. Yet despite this, Nigeria achieved strong economic growth for over a decade in the 21st century, driven largely by policy reforms in non-oil sectors. This book argues that Nigeria's major development challenge is not the 'oil curse', but rather one of achieving economic diversification beyond oil, subsistence agriculture, informal activities,

and across its subnational entities. Through analysis drawing on economic data, policy documents, and interviews, Usman argues that Nigeria's challenge of economic diversification is situated within the political setting of an unstable distribution of power among individual, group, and institutional actors. Since the turn of the century, policymaking by successive Nigerian governments has, despite superficial partisan differences, been oriented towards short-term crisis management of macroeconomic stabilization, restoring growth and selective public sector reforms. To diversify Nigeria's economy, this book argues that successive governments must reorient towards a consistent focus on pro-productivity and pro-poor policies, alongside comprehensive civil service and security sector overhaul. These policy priorities, Nigeria's ruling elites are belatedly acknowledging, are crucial to achieving economic transformation; a policy shift that requires a confrontation with the roots of perpetual political crisis, and an attempt to stabilize the balance of power towards equity and inclusion."--

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910970514603321
Autore	Zurcher Christoph
Titolo	The post-Soviet wars : rebellion, ethnic conflict, and nationhood in the Caucasus // Christoph Zurcher
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, : New York University Press, c2007
ISBN	9780814797440 081479744X 9780814797198 0814797199
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (301 p.)
Disciplina	947.5/086
Soggetti	Ethnic conflict - Caucasus Political violence - Caucasus Caucasus Ethnic relations History 20th century Caucasus Politics and government 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di bibliografia

Includes bibliographical references (p. 247-262) and index.

Nota di contenuto

Introduction : war and peace in the Caucasus -- Setting the stage : the past, the nation, and the state -- Making sense : conflict theory and the Caucasus -- Wars over Chechnya -- Wars in Georgia -- The war over Karabakh -- Wars that did not happen : Dagestan and Ajaria -- Conclusion : post-Soviet wars and theories of internal wars.

Sommario/riassunto

The Post-Soviet Wars is a comparative account of the organized violence in the Caucasus region, looking at four key areas: Chechnya, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, and Dagestan. Zurcher's goal is to understand the origin and nature of the violence in these regions, the response and suppression from the post-Soviet regime and the resulting outcomes, all with an eye toward understanding why some conflicts turned violent, whereas others not. Notably, in Dagestan actual violent conflict has not erupted, an exception of political stability for the region. The book provides a brief history of the reg