

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996321542603316
Titolo	Arctic review on law and politics
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oslo, Norway : , : Gyldendal Akademisk, , [2010]- [Oslo] : , : Cappelen Damm Akademisk
ISSN	2387-4562
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
Soggetti	Law - Arctic regions International law Law Politics and government Periodicals. Arctic regions International status Periodicals Arctic regions Politics and government Periodicals Arctic Regions
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
Note generali	Title from cover. Refereed/Peer-reviewed

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910134637603321
Titolo	Geographical analysis
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Columbus, OH : , : Ohio State University Press
ISSN	1538-4632
Disciplina	910.00182 910
Soggetti	Geography - Methodology Geographie - Methodologie Theoretische Geografie Geografie Computer network resources. Periodicals. Zeitschrift Online-Publikation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910970349303321
Titolo	Post-Soviet Secessionism : Nation-Building and State-Failure after Communism / / Daria Isachenko, Mikhail Minakov, Gwendolyn Sasse, Andreas Umland, Bruno Coppieters, Jan Claas Behrends, Petra Colmorgen, Nataliia Kasianenko, Alice Lackner, Mikhail Minakov, Gwendolyn Sasse
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hannover, : ibidem, 2021
ISBN	9783838275383 3838275381
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (249 pages)
Collana	Soviet and Post-Soviet Politics and Society ; 226
Disciplina	320.91717
Soggetti	Sezessionismus Secessionism Post-Soviet Post-sowjetisch Separatism Separatismus Osteuropa Eastern Europe
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Sommario/riassunto	The USSR's dissolution resulted in the creation of not only fifteen recognized states but also of four non-recognized statelets: Nagorno-Karabakh, South Ossetia, Abkhazia, and Transnistria. Their polities comprise networks with state-like elements. Since the early 1990s, the four pseudo-states have been continuously dependent on their sponsor countries (Russia, Armenia), and contesting the territorial integrity of their parental nation-states Azerbaijan, Georgia, and Moldova. In 2014, the outburst of Russia-backed separatism in Eastern Ukraine led to the creation of two more para-states, the Donetsk People's Republic (DNR) and the Luhansk People's Republic (LNR), whose leaders used the

experience of older de facto states. In 2020, this growing network of de facto states counted an overall population of more than 4 million people. The essays collected in this volume address such questions as: How do post-Soviet de facto states survive and continue to grow? Is there anything specific about the political ecology of Eastern Europe that provides secessionism with the possibility to launch state-making processes in spite of international sanctions and counteractions of their parental states? How do secessionist movements become embedded in wider networks of separatism in Eastern and Western Europe? What is the impact of secessionism and war on the parental states? The contributors are Jan Claas Behrends, Petra Colmorgen, Bruno Coppieters, Nataliia Kasianenko, Alice Lackner, Mikhail Minakov, and Gwendolyn Sasse.
