

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996384414103316
Autore	Karl Ludwig, Elector Palatine, <1617-1680.>
Titolo	Protestation du serenissime et tres-haut prince et seigneur Charles Louys, Comite Palatin du Rhin, Archidapiferi, & Prince Electeur du S. Empire, Duc de Baviariæ, &c [[electronic resource] /] / traduit de l'Allemand de mot a mot .
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Imprime a Londres, : [A. Griffin], Cl[C] Il[C]C XXXVII [1637]
Descrizione fisica	[4], 26 p
Soggetti	Palatinate (Germany) History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese (ca. 1400-1600)
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Imprint date contains inverted C's. Signatures: A-Dâ´ (last leaf blank). Numerous errors in paging. Reproduction of original in the St. John's College (University of Cambridge). Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0203

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910970287303321
Autore	Furceri Davide
Titolo	Can Policies Affect Employment Intensity of Growth? A Cross-Country Analysis // Davide Furceri, Ernesto Crivelli, Joël Toujas-Bernate
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2012
ISBN	9781475570076 1475570074 9781475574012 1475574010
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (33 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/12/218
Altri autori (Persone)	CrivelliErnesto Toujas-BernateJoël
Disciplina	332.1
Soggetti	Job creation Full employment policies Aggregate Human Capital Aggregate Labor Productivity Business Fluctuations Commodity exchanges Commodity markets Cycles Demand and Supply of Labor: General Economic theory Employment Finance Finance: General Financial markets General Financial Markets: General (includes Measurement and Data) Income economics Institutions and the Macroeconomy Intergenerational Income Distribution Labor Economics Policies Labor market policy Labor market Labor markets Labor Labour Macroeconomics

Macroeconomics: Consumption, Saving, Production, Employment and Investment: Other
Macrostructural analysis
Manpower policy
Mobility, Unemployment, and Vacancies: General
Structural policies
Unemployment
Wages
New Zealand

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
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Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Contents; I. Introduction; II. Empirical Strategy and Data; A. Empirical Strategy; B. Data; III. Results; A. Regional trends in employment elasticities; B. Determinants of Employment Elasticities; IV. Conclusions; References; Figures; 1. The evolution of Unemployment Across Regions; 2. Real GDP and Employment Growth, by Income Level Group, 2000-09; 3. Distribution of Long-Run Employment Elasticities; Tables; 1. Descriptive Statistics and Sources; 2. Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient for Long-run Elasticities Estimates 3. Long Term Employment Elasticities, by Region, Income Level, and Economic Sector 4. Evolution of Employment Elasticities with Time; 5. Correlation Between Employment Elasticities and Structural Policy Variables; 6. Effects of Structural Variables on Employment Elasticities; 7. Effects of Structural and Macroeconomic Variables on Employment Elasticities; 8. Effects of Structural and Demographic Variables on Employment Elasticities; 9. Effects of Labor Market Policy Indicators on Employment Elasticities; 10. Effects of Product Market Policy Indicators on Employment Elasticities 11a. Non-Linear Effects of Structural Variables on Employment Elasticities-GDP 11b. Non-Linear Effects of Structural Variables on Employment Elasticities-Output Volatility; 11c. Non-Linear Effects of Structural Variables on Employment Elasticities-Inflation; Appendix
Sommario/riassunto	The aim of this paper is to provide new estimates of employment-output elasticities and assess the effect of structural and macroeconomic policies on the employment-intensity of growth. Using an unbalanced panel of 167 countries over the period 1991 - 2009, the results suggest that structural policies aimed at increasing labor and product market flexibility and reducing government size have a significant and positive impact on employment elasticities. In addition, the results also suggest that in order to maximize the positive impact on the responsiveness of employment to economic activity, structural policies have to be complemented with macroeconomic policies aimed at increasing macroeconomic stability.