Record Nr. UNINA9910969920903321

Autore Faruqee Hamid

Titolo Macroeconomic Effects and Policy Challenges of Population Aging / /

Hamid Faruqee, Natalia Tamirisa

Pubbl/distr/stampa Washington, D.C.:,: International Monetary Fund,, 2006

ISBN 9786613820525

Edizione [1st ed.]

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (25 p.)

Collana IMF Working Papers

Altri autori (Persone) TamirisaNatalia

Soggetti Population aging - Economic aspects

Age distribution (Demography)

Aging

Demand and Supply of Labor: General Demographic Economics: General

Demography

Economics of the Elderly

Economics of the Handicapped

Fiscal consolidation

Fiscal Policy Fiscal policy

Income economics
Labor force participation

Labor market

Labor Standards: Labor Force Composition

Labor supply

Labor Labour

Macroeconomics

Non-labor Market Discrimination

Population & demography

Population aging

Population and demographics **Population** Czech Republic Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia "April 2006." Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. ""Contents""; ""I. INTRODUCTION""; ""II. THEORY AND MODEL""; ""III. Nota di contenuto CALIBRATION AND EXPERIMENTS""; ""IV. SIMULATIONS"": ""V. CONCLUSION""; ""REFERENCES"" This paper simulates the macroeconomic effects of population aging in Sommario/riassunto a dynamic overlapping generations model of a small open economy. The model is calibrated to data for the Czech Republic, where population aging is proceeding at a pace comparable to that in other advanced countries in Europe. Simulations show that population aging is likely to slow economic growth and improvements in living standards. Although reforms to raise labor force participation and productivity growth can mitigate these adverse effects, they are unlikely to eliminate the need for fiscal reforms. The budget will come under

be needed to preserve debt sustainability.

pressure from rising age-related expenditures, and consolidation will