

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910229831603321
Titolo	East African law journal
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Nairobi, : Oceana Publications, [1965]-
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
Soggetti	Law - Africa, East Law - Kenya Law Periodicals Municipal law Periodicals. Kenya Africa, East
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
Note generali	Title from cover.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910968515903321
Autore	Lewis Linda M. <1942->
Titolo	Germaine de Staël, George Sand, and the Victorian woman artist // Linda M. Lewis
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Columbia, : University of Missouri Press, c2003
ISBN	0-8262-6407-7
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (292 p.)
Disciplina	809.3/93527
Soggetti	English literature - Women authors - History and criticism Women artists in literature Women and literature - Great Britain - History - 19th century Art and literature - Great Britain - History - 19th century English literature - 19th century - History and criticism English literature - French influences
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 253-267) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Abbreviations -- Introduction -- 1 Secular Sibyl and Divine Sophia -- 2 Geraldine Jewsbury -- 3 Elizabeth Barrett Browning's Aurora Leigh and the Labors of Psyche -- 4 The Erinna Complex and George Eliot's Female Artists -- 5 Mrs. Humphry (Mary) Ward and the Artist as Medusa -- 6 The New Woman Kunstlerroman -- Works Cited -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	By examining literary portraits of the woman as artist, Linda M. Lewis traces the matrilineal inheritance of four Victorian novelists and poets: George Eliot, Elizabeth Barrett Browning, Geraldine Jewsbury, and Mrs. Humphry Ward. She argues that while the male Romantic artist saw himself as god and hero, the woman of genius lacked a guiding myth until Germaine de Staël and George Sand created one. The protagonists of Staël's <i>Corinne</i> and Sand's <i>Consuelo</i> combine attributes of the goddess Athena, the Virgin Mary, Virgil's Sibyl, and Dante's Beatrice. Lewis illustrates how the resulting <i>Corinne/Consuelo</i> effect is exhibited in scores of English artist-as-heroine narratives, particularly in the works of these four prominent writers who most consciously and elaborately allude to the French literary matriarchs. In her initial

chapter, Lewis explains Corinne's gift as " l'enthousiasme " and Consuelo's as " la flamme sacree . " Corinne uses her influence as a political Sibyl to enter the debates of the Napoleonic era; Consuelo employs her sacred fire as a divine Sophia to indict injustice throughout Europe. Subsequent chapters examine the public and private voices of the Sibyls and Sophias of Victorian fiction, as well as the degree to which their gift demands service to art, to God, and to humankind. The closing chapter studies the waning influence of Stael and Sand in the fin-de-siecle "New Woman" novel. The core of Lewis's book is its treatment of the Victorian author and her feminine aesthetics. In each chapter Lewis uncovers the references to Corinne and Consuelo--subtle or overt, serious or facetious--and reveals the resulting tension when an artist invokes a foremother but avoids merging with the mother whom she emulates. The methodology of this book includes myth criticism, feminist commentary, and psychoanalytic theory, but its strength lies in Lewis's close reading of the intertextuality of ten literary works. Exploring a connection between French and English literature and providing fresh insight, Germaine de Stael, George Sand, and the Victorian Woman Artist makes a major contribution to our understanding of nineteenth-century feminism.
