

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910967576803321
Titolo	Liberal thought in Argentina, 1837-1940 / / edited and with an introduction by Natalio R. Botana and Ezequiel Gallo ; translated from the Spanish by Ian Barnett
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Indianapolis : , : Liberty Fund, , [2013] ©2013
ISBN	0-86597-851-4 1-4619-4887-8 1-61487-906-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (530 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	BotanaNatalio R GalloEzequiel
Disciplina	320.510982/09034
Soggetti	Liberalism - Argentina - History Political culture - Argentina Republicanism - Argentina - History Argentina Politics and government 1817-1860 Argentina Politics and government 1860-1910 Argentina Politics and government 1910-1943
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	""Botana and Gallo - Liberal Thought in Argentina, 1837-1940 ""; ""Front Matter ""; ""Title Page ""; ""Copyright Details ""; ""Table of Contents, p. v ""; ""Introduction, p. ix ""; ""Liberal Thought in Argentina ""; ""1. Liberalism during the Dictatorship of Rosas (1837-1850), p. 1 ""; ""1. Juan Bautista Alberdi - The Argentine Republic, Thirty-seven Years after the May Revolution (1847), p. 3 ""; ""2. Esteban Echeverria - Symbolic Words (1837) (Excerpts), p. 27 ""; ""3. Domingo Faustino Sarmiento - Civilization and Barbarism: The Life of Juan Facundo Quiroga, p. 48 "" ""4. Domingo Faustino Sarmiento - The United States (1847), p. 58 """"2. The Framework of the National Constitution (1852-1860), p. 113 ""; ""1. Juan Bautista Alberdi - Bases and Starting Points for the Political

Organization of the Argentine Republic (1852), p. 115 ""; ""2. Juan Bautista Alberdi - The Economic and Revenue System of the Argentine Confederations According to Its Constitution of 1853 (Excerpts), p. 177 ""; ""3. Part 1 of the Constitution of the Argentine Nation (1853-1860-1866), p. 216 ""; ""3. Liberalism in a New Nation (1857-1879), p. 223 "" ""1. Bartolome Mitre - Protection of Agriculture (1857), p. 225 """"2. Bartolome Mitre - On Trade (1869), p. 230 ""; ""3. Bartolome Mitre - Chivilcoy Speech (1868) (Excerpt), p. 236 ""; ""4. Bartolome Mitre - Governments as Business Managers (1869), p. 245 ""; ""5. Jose Hernandez - Governments as Business Managers, p. 250 ""; ""6. Bartolome Mitre - Immigration (1870), p. 253 ""; ""7. Nicolas Avellaneda - On Laws Concerning Public Lands: Conclusion (1865), p. 257 "" ""8. Leandro N. Alem - Investigation into the National Secondary School of Buenos Aires (Excerpt from Speech to Legislature of Buenos Aires Province, 22nd Ordinary Session, June 28, 1876), p. 264 """"9. Domingo Faustino Sarmiento - The Social Contract in the Argentine Republic (1879), p. 271 ""; ""4. Liberalism in Government and In Opposition (1880-1910), p. 277 ""; ""1. Leandro N. Alem - Speech on the Federalization of Buenos Aires (1880), p. 279 ""; ""2. Juan Bautista Alberdi - The Omnipotence of the State Is the Negation of Individual Liberty (1880), p. 284 "" ""3. Julio Argentino Roca - Presidential Messages (1881-1886), p. 290 """"4. Pedro Goyena - Speech on the Common Education Act (1883), p. 294 ""; ""5. Delfin Gallo - Speech on the Common Education Act (1883), p. 301 ""; ""6. Roque Saenz Pena - Speech on the American "Zollverein" (1889) (Conference of the Pan-American Union), p. 308 ""; ""7. Leandro N. Alem - Speech at the National Senate (1891), p. 314 ""; ""8. Union Civica (Civic Union) Declaration of Principles (1891), p. 319 "" ""9. Francisco Barroetavena - Speech in the Debate on a Mandatory National Language for Schools (1896), p. 325 ""

Sommario/riassunto

Liberal ideas were very important in Argentina from the time of independence. The Argentine constitution (1853-60), in force for a long time, was based on liberal principles taken from both the North American and the European tradition. The general structure of the collection is chronological, taking the reader through an analysis of different periods of liberal thought in Argentina: from liberalism as opposed to dictatorial rule, to liberalism as the framework of the National Constitution (1852-60). Importance is given to the development of liberalism in government and opposition (1857-1910) and to the last period (1912-40), the twilight of liberalism. Chapter 1 addresses the dictatorship of Juan Manuel de Rosas (1837-50), during which time a set of liberal ideas was formed that would subsequently have a decisive influence on the second period, the formation of the National Constitution (1852-60). Chapters 3 and 4 consist of writings that chronicle the surge of liberalism in Argentina, first, during the period between 1857 and 1879, and, later, between 1880 and 1910. These chapters reflect the great political, economic, and social debates that exemplify the variety and richness of the body of liberal ideas during this time. The writings in the final chapter review the gradual decline of liberalism. They rescue from obscurity those voices and writings that upheld and defended liberal ideals in several aspects, namely, those ideals concerning electoral and constitutional reforms and the resistance of the advance of different expressions of totalitarian dictatorship during the twentieth century. This volume also includes a new introduction, editorial footnotes, a chronology, and brief biographies of the authors of the original texts. Natalio R. Botana is Emeritus Professor at Universidad Torcuato Di Tella, Departamento de Ciencia Pol tica y Relaciones Internacionales, in Buenos Aires,

Argentina. Ezequiel Gallo is Emeritus Professor at Universidad Torcuato Di Tella, Departamento de Historia, in Buenos Aires, Argentina. Please note: This title is available as an ebook for purchase on Amazon, Barnes and Noble, and iTunes.
