

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910813739903321
Autore	Omaka Arua Oko
Titolo	The Biafran humanitarian crisis, 1967-1970 : international human rights and joint church aid / / Arua Oko Omaka
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, [England] : , : Fairleigh Dickinson University Press, , 2016 ©2016
ISBN	1-61147-974-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (205 p.)
Collana	Fairleigh Dickinson University Press Series in Law, Culture, and the Humanities
Disciplina	966.905/2
Soggetti	Food relief - Nigeria, Eastern - History Humanitarian assistance - Nigeria, Eastern - History Nigeria History Civil War, 1967-1970 Nigeria History Civil War, 1967-1970 Civilian relief Nigeria, Eastern History 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; List of Abbreviations; List of Illustrations; Acknowledgments; Introduction; Chapter One: The Colonial Design and Military Incursion; Chapter Two: The Gowon Regime and the Secession of Eastern Nigeria; Chapter Three: Humanitarian Impulse; Chapter Four: Joint Church Aid; Chapter Five: The Relief War; Conclusion; Bibliography; Index; About the Author
Sommario/riassunto	This book focuses on the humanitarian crisis in Biafra from 1967 to 1970 and the historic response of church groups from different parts of the world. This is the first scholarly work to establish the Joint Church Aid as the foundation of modern day international humanitarian aid.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910966957903321
Autore	Boozer Anna Lucille
Titolo	Amheida II : A Late Romano-Egyptian House in the Dakleh Oasis: Amheida House B2 // Anna Lucille Boozer
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, NY : , : New York University Press, , [2016] ©2016
ISBN	1-4798-4223-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (461 p.)
Collana	ISAW Monographs ; ; 4
Disciplina	932/.2
Soggetti	Excavations (Archaeology) - Egypt - Dakhla Oasis Dakhla Oasis (Egypt) Antiquities
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- TABLE OF CONTENTS -- List of Figures -- List of Tables -- Contributors -- Preface -- Chapter 1. Domestic Archaeology and the Romano-Egyptian House -- Chapter 2. Situating the Case Study: The Dakhla Oasis and Amheida -- Chapter 3. Approaching the Romano-Egyptian House: Research Methodologies -- Chapter 4. Layers of Building, Living, and Abandonment: Stratigraphies of House B2 and its Surroundings -- Chapter 5. Building Domestic Space: The Construction Techniques for House B2 -- Chapter 6. Situating Domestic Space: An Architectural Analysis and Reconstruction of House B2 -- Chapter 7. Artifact and Activity: The Material Culture of Domestic Living -- Chapter 8. La Céramique de la Maison B2 -- Chapter 9. Unfired Clay Objects -- Chapter 10. Figurines -- Chapter 11. Adornment -- Chapter 12. Glass Vessels -- Chapter 13. Faience Vessels -- Chapter 14. Coins -- Chapter 15. Transport and Trade in Trimithis: The Texts from Area 1 -- Chapter 16. Faunal Remains from Amheida, Area 1 -- Chapter 17. Plant Use in a Romano-Egyptian Household in the Third Century CE -- Chapter 18. Wood Objects -- Chapter 19. Woven Material -- Chapter 20. Towards an Integrative Interpretation of Life in a Romano-Egyptian House -- References -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This archaeological report provides a comprehensive study of the excavations carried out at Amheida House B2 in Egypt's Dakhleh Oasis

between 2005 and 2007, followed by three study seasons between 2008 and 2010. The excavations at Amheida in Egypt's western desert, begun in 2001 under the aegis of Columbia University and sponsored by NYU since 2008, are investigating all aspects of social life and material culture at the administrative center of ancient Trimithis. The excavations so far have focused on three areas of this very large site: a centrally located upper-class fourth-century AD house with wall paintings, an adjoining school, and underlying remains of a Roman bath complex; a more modest house of the third century; and the temple hill, with remains of the Temple of Thoth built in the first century AD and of earlier structures. Architectural conservation has protected and partly restored two standing funerary monuments, a mud-brick pyramid and a tower tomb, both of the Roman period. This volume presents and discusses the architecture, artifacts and ecofacts recovered from B2 in a holistic manner, which has rarely before been attempted in a full report on the excavation of a Romano-Egyptian house. The primary aim of this volume is to combine an architectural and material-based study with an explicitly contextual and theoretical analysis. In so doing, it develops a methodology and presents a case study of how the rich material remains of Romano-Egyptian houses may be used to investigate the relationship between domestic remains and social identity.

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