1. Record Nr. UNINA9910962887303321 Autore Halpern Jodi Titolo From detached concern to empathy: humanizing medical practice // Jodi Halpern Oxford;; New York,: Oxford University Press, 2001 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-19-026772-0 1-282-54367-9 9786612543678 0-19-974771-7 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xx, 165 pages) Disciplina 610.69/6 Soggetti Medical personnel and patient Medical personnel - Attitudes **Empathy** Physician and patient **Emotions Physician-Patient Relations** Attitude of Health Personnel Professional-Patient Relations Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 149-161) and index. Nota di contenuto 1. Failures of Emotional Communication in Medical Practice -- 2. Managing Emotions as a Professional Ideal -- Detachment to Avoid the Errors of Sympathy -- The Tradition of Sympathy -- The Ideal of Objectivity -- Avoiding Emotional Errors -- Emotions and Cognition --3. Emotional Reasoning -- Associational Linking -- "Gut Feelings" --Emotional Inertia -- Moods and Temperament -- The Strategic Nature of Emotions -- 4. The Concept of Clinical Empathy -- Clinical Empathy as Detached Insight -- Aesthetics and the Origins of the Concept of Empathy -- Psychoanalytic Views of Empathy as Affective Merging -- A Model of Clinical Empathy as Emotional Reasoning -- 5. Respecting Patient Autonomy: From Non-Interference to Empathy -- Respecting

Autonomy: Beyond Non-Interference -- Beyond Negative Autonomy:

Kant on Deliberative Freedom -- Autonomy versus Detachment -- Suffering, Empathy, and the Interpersonal Basis of Autonomy -- Kantian Theory and Positive Obligations to Share Ends -- The Complex Relationship Between Empathy and Respecting Autonomy -- 6. Cultivating Empathy in Medical Practice -- From Certainty to Curiosity -- Emotional Irrationality Revisited: Finding the Therapeutic Opportunity -- Regaining Mental Freedom -- Non-Abandonment.

Sommario/riassunto

Physicians recognise the importance of patients' emotions in healing, yet believe their own emotional responses represent lapses in objectivity. Patients complain that physicians are too detached. The book argues that by empathising with patients, rather than detaching, physicians can best help them. Yet there is no consistent view of what, precisely, clinical empathy involves. This book challenges the traditional assumption that empathy is either purely intellectual or an expression of sympathy.