1. Record Nr. UNINA9910962221303321 Autore Chau K. W. Titolo Modelling for Coastal Hydraulics and Engineering / / K. W. Chau Boca Raton, FL:,: CRC Press,, 2014 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9786612569050 9781498717960 1498717969 9780429182921 0429182929 9781482266467 1482266466 9781282569058 1282569058 9780203884768 0203884760 Edizione [First edition.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (240 p.) Disciplina 627 627/.580151 Soggetti Coastal engineering - Mathematics Coastal engineering - Data processing Hydraulic engineering - Mathematics Coasts - Computer simulation Coast changes - Mathematical models Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Book Cover; Title; Copyright; Contents; 1 Introduction; 2 Coastal modelling; 3 Conventional modelling techniques for coastal engineering: 4 Finite difference methods: 5 Finite element methods: 6 Soft computing techniques; 7 Artificial neural networks; 8 Fuzzy inference systems; 9 Evolutionary algorithms; 10 Knowledge-based

systems; 11 Conclusions; References; Index

Sommario/riassunto

"Mechanistic models are often employed to simulate processes in

coastal environments. However, these predictive tools are highly specialized, involve certain assumptions and limitations, and can be manipulated only by experienced engineers who have a thorough understanding of the underlying principles. This results in significant constraints on their manipulation as well as large gaps in understanding and expectations between the developers and users of a model. Recent advancements in soft computing technologies make it possible to integrate machine learning capabilities into numerical modelling systems in order to bridge the gaps and lessen the demands on human experts. This book reviews the state-of-the-art in conventional coastal modelling as well as in the increasingly popular integration of various artificial intelligence technologies into coastal modelling. Conventional hydrodynamic and water quality modelling techniques comprise finite difference and finite element methods. The novel algorithms and methods include knowledge-based systems. genetic algorithms, artificial neural networks, and fuzzy inference systems. Different soft computing methods contribute towards accurate and reliable prediction of coastal processes. Combining these techniques and harnessing their benefits has the potential to make extremely powerful modelling tools."--Provided by publisher.