

1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910872709903321
	Titolo	1995 Proceedings 45th Electronic Components and Technology Conference
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified], : IEEE, 1995
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (540 pages)
	Disciplina	621.38152
	Soggetti	Semiconductors
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910961890703321
	Autore	Levine Donald N. <1931-2015.>
	Titolo	Powers of the mind : the reinvention of liberal learning in America / / Donald N. Levine
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chicago, : University of Chicago Press, 2006
	ISBN	9786611965846 9781281965844 1281965847 9780226475783 0226475786
	Edizione	[First edition.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (319 pages)
	Disciplina	378/.012
	Soggetti	Education, Higher - Curricula - United States Curriculum change - United States Education, Higher - Philosophy
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [267]-281) and index.
Nota di contenuto	The place of liberal learning -- The movement for general education -- The making of a curricular tradition -- Dewey and Hutchins at Chicago -- Richard McKeon : architecton of human powers -- Joseph Schwab's assault on facile teaching -- What is educational about the study of civilizations? -- New goals for the liberal curriculum -- Goals for the liberal curriculum I: powers of prehension -- Goals for the liberal curriculum II: powers of expression -- New ways of framing pedagogy -- My experiments in teaching powers.
Sommario/riassunto	In Powers of the Mind, former University of Chicago dean Donald N. Levine considers the liberal education that our universities purport to offer, finds it lacking, and in response proposes fresh and invigorating ways to think about liberal learning that are more suited to our times. Levine begins by defining basic values of modernity and then considering pertinent curricular principles. The principles he favors are powers of the mind—disciplines understood as fields of study defined less by their subject matter than by the distinct intellectual capacities they embody. To illustrate, Levine dra

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9911020243403321
Autore	Hall Stephen J. G
Titolo	Livestock biodiversity : genetic resources for the farming of the future / / Stephen J.G. Hall
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ames, Iowa, : Blackwell Pub., 2004
ISBN	9786610213160 9781280213168 1280213167 9780470708613 0470708611 9780470995433 0470995432 9781405148092 1405148098
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (282 p.)
Disciplina	636.08/21
Soggetti	Livestock - Germplasm resources Biodiversity conservation

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [217]-257) and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	<p>Livestock Biodiversity: Genetic resources for the farming of the future; Contents; Preface; Acknowledgements; Introduction; PART 1: THE NATURE OF LIVESTOCK BIODIVERSITY; 1 Biology of domestication; Introduction; Domestication and models of evolution; Changes in animals following domestication; Genetic processes under domestication: the origin of heritable variation; Genetic processes under domestication: interactions between genes; Artificial selection; Natural selection; Sexual selection under domestication; Conclusions; 2 Origin and differentiation of breeds; Introduction; Definitions The recorded history of breed formation Cultural background to breed differentiation; Conclusions; PART 2: THE UTILIZATION OF LIVESTOCK BIODIVERSITY; 3 Ecological adaptations of breeds; Introduction; Genotype-environment interaction; Body size and physiological adaptation; Adaptations to extreme temperatures; Adaptations to the vegetation environment; Coping with parasites and disease; Conclusions; 4 Crossbreeding and coadaptation; Introduction; The value of crossbreeding; Production of synthetic breeds; Molecular indicators of introgression; Biotechnology; Genetic architectures; Conclusions</p> <p>5 Livestock biodiversity and sustainable development Introduction; Global food security and livestock biodiversity; National policies for livestock biodiversity in the developing world; Environmental aspects and industrialized economies; Conclusions; PART 3: THE ASSESSMENT OF LIVESTOCK BIODIVERSITY; 6 Global status of livestock biodiversity; Introduction; Numbers of breeds; Feral livestock; Conclusions; 7 Characterization of livestock biodiversity; Introduction; Breed characterizations: phenotypic variation; Summarizing and interpreting genetic differences between breeds</p> <p>Molecular approaches to breed history Within-breed compared with between-breed variation; Conclusions; PART 4: THE CONSERVATION OF LIVESTOCK BIODIVERSITY; 8 Management, organization and policy; Introduction; History of concern for livestock biodiversity: the example of the UK; Breeds as the basis for conservation; National activities; International and regional activities; Man-made and natural disasters; Capturing the economic benefits of livestock biodiversity; Scientific input into conservation of livestock biodiversity; Conclusions; 9 Conserving specific breeds; Introduction</p> <p>Conservation of within-breed variation Recovery of lost breeds; Cryoconservation: the background; Cryoconservation in relation to in situ conservation; Conclusions; PART 5: CONCLUSIONS; Overview; Prospects for livestock biodiversity; Scientific contribution; Policy issues: funding; The future; Appendix; References; Subject index; Country & breed index</p>
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Livestock biodiversity is integral to our culture, history, environment, economy and, most importantly, our future. Thousands of livestock breeds, from relatively small genetic pools, have evolved over time to suit particular environments and farming systems. This is both the result of natural processes and of human needs for specialized livestock - as our knowledge of genetics continues to increase we achieve a greater understanding of how this biodiversity evolved. This book offers a detailed and comprehensive overview of livestock</p>

biodiversity. It explores the history behind it, shows how
