

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996391083703316
Autore	Bellarmino Roberto Francesco Romolo, Saint, <1542-1621.>
Titolo	The art of dying well [[electronic resource]] : Deuided into two bookes. Written by Robert Bellarmine of the Society of Iesus, and Cardinall. Togeather with a relation of the said Cardinalls sicknes, death, and buriall in Rome. Translated into English, by C.E. of the same Society
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Saint-Omer, : English College Press], Permissu superiorum. M. DC. XXII. [1622]
Edizione	[The second edition.]
Descrizione fisica	[16], 416 p
Altri autori (Persone)	CoffinEdward <1571-1626.>
Soggetti	Death Christian life
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	A translation, by Edward Coffin, of: Bellarmino, Roberto Francesco Romolo. De arte bene moriendi. Place of publication and press from STC. In two parts; part 2 has separate title page, dated 1623, reading: A true relation of the last sickenes and death of Cardinall Bellarmine. Identified as STC 1839a on UMI microfilm reel 644. Reproduction of the original in the Folger Shakespeare Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0055

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910961814803321
Autore	Jenson Matt <1976->
Titolo	Gravity of sin : Augustine, Luther, and Barth on homo incurvatus in se / by Matt Jenson
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; New York, : T & T Clark, 2006
ISBN	9786613200839 9780567660657 0567660656 9781283200837 128320083X 9780567577887 0567577880
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (225 p.)
Disciplina	241/.3
Soggetti	Sin - Christianity
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages [193]-202)
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- Augustine's inward turn: an ambiguous beginning -- Luther's radical and religious incurvature -- (How) do women sin? : Daphne Hampson and the feminist critique of Luther -- Broadening the range of the metaphor : Barth's threefold description of sin -- Coda Introduction -- 1. Augustine's inward turn: An ambiguous beginning -- Love makes the city -- The goodness of the garden -- Participation and relationality -- Civic foundations -- What happened? The beginning of sin -- Falsehood -- Pride -- Isolation -- Falling into slavery -- The call to humility -- Augustine's ambiguous inwardness in The Trinity -- A conclusion -- -- 2. Luther's radical and religious incurvature -- Setting the task -- Simus iustus et peccator -- Fuel to the fire: The persistence of the fomes -- Copernicux Redux -- The logic of person and works -- Totus homo? The postures of death and spirit -- Incurvatus in se as ignorance: The critique of natural understanding -- Using, enjoying: Incurvatus in se as egoism -- Homo religiosus as Homo incurvatus in se -- The violation of vocation: Transgressing the limits of calling -- Conclusion: Augustine versus Luther? -- -- 3.

(How) Do women sin? Daphne Hampson and the Feminist critique of Luther -- Introduction -- Hampson's critique of Luther on sin, incurvatus in se and the self -- Hampson's alternative -- Transition: Key questions -- Problems with a gendered approach to sin -- Hampson's account of sin per se and the controlling factor of continuity -- On the explanatory sufficiency of incurvatus in se -- -- 4. Broadening the range of the metaphor: Barth's threefold description of sin -- Introduction -- A brief apology for paradigms -- Sin Christologically defined -- Humanity through a Christological lens: A closer look -- Sin as pride -- Sin as falsehood -- Sin as sloth -- Hampson and Barth: A tale of two sloths -- Conclusion -- -- Coda -- Select Bibliography --

Sommario/riassunto

Matt Jenson argues that the image of being 'curved in on oneself' is the best paradigm for understanding sin relationally, that it has sufficient explanatory breadth and depth to be of service to contemporary Christian theology. He looks to Augustine as the Christian source for this image in his various references to humanity's turn to itself, though the threads of a relational account of sin are not drawn together with any systematic consequence until Martin Luther's description of 'homo incurvatus in se' in his commentary on Romans. Luther radicalizes Augustine's conception by applying this relational view of sin to the totus homo and by emphasizing its appearance, above all, in homo religiosus. The Western tradition of sin understood paradigmatically as pride has been recently called into question by feminist theologians. Daphne Hampson's critique of Luther on this front is considered and critiqued. Though she is right to call attention to the insufficiency of his and Augustine's myopic focus on pride, the question remains whether 'incurvatus in se' can operate paradigmatically as an umbrella concept covering a far wider range of sins. Karl Barth's extension of 'incurvatus in se' to apply more broadly to pride, sloth and falsehood suggests that incurvature can do just that.
