1. Record Nr. UNINA9910693080803321

Autore Weisheit Ralph A

Titolo Gangs in rural America [[electronic resource]]: final report to the

National Institute of Justice // presented by Ralph A. Weisheit, L.

Edward Wells

Pubbl/distr/stampa [Normal, III.]:,:[Dept. of Criminal Justice, Illinois State University],

[2001]

Altri autori (Persone) WellsL. Edward

Soggetti Gangs - United States

Rural youth - United States

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Note generali Title from title screen (viewed on July 23, 2004).

Record Nr. UNINA9910961254603321

Autore Falola Toyin

Titolo Economic Reforms and Modernization in Nigeria, 1945-1965

Pubbl/distr/stampa Ashland, : Kent State University Press, 2013

ISBN 1-63101-047-6

Edizione [1st ed.]

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (287 p.)

Disciplina 330.9669/03

Soggetti Nigeria -- Economic conditions -- To 1960

Nigeria -- Economic policy

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Note generali Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di contenuto Cover -- Copyright -- Dedication -- Contents -- Tables -- Preface and

Acknowledgments -- 1. Economy and Politics in a Colonial Society --

2. The Political Context of Economic Reforms and Modernization -- 3.

Sommario/riassunto

The Economy, 1945-1960 -- 4. "Separate Economies": Regionalism and Development Institutions -- 5. The Economy, 1960-1965 -- Postscript: Economy and Society after 1965 -- Appendix: Statistical Tables on the Nigerian Economy -- Notes -- Selected Bibliography -- Index.

Created as a result of British colonialism, Nigeria emerged as a nation-state during the mid-twentieth century. The British colonial administration, in a state of economic crisis and with huge debts to the United States, was uninterested in any rapid economic development in Nigeria after WWII. Britain needed resources to rebuild its economy, and nationalism was rising in Nigeria, where colonial subjects were complaining about exploitation. A rapid transformation in Nigeria's economy and political arena then took place. Reform came through politics and the transfer of power, with the first generation of the new political class inheriting power during the 1950s as colonialism ended. An age of ideas and actions began, and the country witnessed an expansion of its infrastructure, health services, schools, and industries. These were the first crucial steps in Nigeria's march toward modernization.