

1. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991003662799707536
Autore	Jakobson, Roman
Titolo	Lo sviluppo della semiotica / Roman Jakobson ; a cura di Pierluigi Basso Fossali
ISBN	9788897356424
Descrizione fisica	139 p. ; 17 cm
Collana	La tradizione del nuovo ; 1 tradizione del nuovo (La) ; 1
Altri autori (Persone)	Basso Fossali, Pierluigi
Disciplina	401.41
Soggetti	Semiotica
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Bibliografia: p. 135-139

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910961121703321
Autore	Mourmouras Alex
Titolo	Fiscal Policy and Economic Development // Alex Mourmouras, Peter Rangazas
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2008
ISBN	9786612841064 9781462395149 1462395147 9781452759173 1452759170 9781451870138 1451870132 9781282841062 1282841068
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (35 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/08/155
Altri autori (Persone)	RangazasPeter
Disciplina	336.3015195
Soggetti	Fiscal policy - Econometric models Economic development - Econometric models Economic development Economic growth Human Capital Income economics Industrial Organization and Macroeconomics: Industrial Structure and Structural Change Industrial Price Indices Labor economics Labor Economics: General Labor Productivity Labor productivity Labor share Labor Labour Macroeconomics National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: Infrastructures Occupational Choice Other Public Investment and Capital Stock Production and Operations Management

Public finance & taxation
Public Finance
Public investment spending
Public investments
Skills
Structural transformation
Wages
Wages, Compensation, and Labor Costs: General
United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; Figures; 1. Selected Industrial Countries: Government Purchases (share of GDP); Tables; 1. Government in Developed and Developing Countries; 2. Growth Rate in Productivity per Hour Worked (Annualized Percent); II. Related Literature; A. Growth of Government; B. Taxation and the Traditional Sector; C. Land Inequality and Development; III. The Model; A. Production; B. Households; C. Equilibrium; D. Government; IV. Explaining Fiscal Policy; V. Government Debt; VI. Calibration Experiments; A. Calibrating the Model B. Historical Growth Experience of Currently Developed Countries 2. Calibrated Parameters; 3. Predicted (Dashed) versus Actual (Solid) Government Purchase Share; 4. Predicted (Dashed) versus Actual (Solid) Government Investment Share; C. Growth of Currently Developing Countries; 5. Predicted (Dashed) versus Actual (Solid) Labor Productivity Growth Rates; 6. Tax Rates; 7. Share of Labor Force in Modern Sector; VII. Conclusion; 8. Labor Productivity Growth Rates; References; Appendix
Sommario/riassunto	This paper offers possible explanations for three generally observed facts about fiscal policy and development: (F1) The relative size of government increases as an economy develops, (F2) The rise in government and taxation are associated with rising or constant economic growth rates, and (F3) Today's developing countries have larger government sectors than did today's developed countries at similar stages of development. The explanations for these facts are based on the structural transformation from traditional (mostly agricultural) to modern (industrial and post-industrial) production, rising public infrastructure investment, and less representative governments in many of today's developing economies.