1.	Record Nr.	UNICAMPANIAVAN0085225
	Autore	Vinnen, Arnold
	Titolo	Arnoldi Vinni Jc. Jurisprudentiae contractae sive partitionum juris civilis libri 4. Variis observationibus notisque perpetuis illustrati. Adjectus est huic editioni Tractatus de jurisdictione, pactis, transactionibus, & collationibus. Cum indicibus necessariis
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roterdami, : ex officina Arnoldi Leers, 1664
	Edizione	[Editio tertia emendata]
	Descrizione fisica	[32], 1096, [20] p. ; 8°
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Olandese Latino
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Frontespizio preceduto da frontespizio calcografico. - Titolo del frontespizio calcografico: Arnoldi Vinnii jc. partitionum iuris civilis libri 4. cum ipsique Autoris tractatibusque de jurisdictione ... . - Numeri romani nel titolo. - Segnatura: *-2* A-4A 4B². - Iniziali xilografiche. - Marca sul frontespizio: donna con libro nella mano sinistra, una lucerna nella destra in mezzo a un campo arato (motto: labore et vigilantia)

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910960892003321

Autore	Trebesch Christoph
Titolo	The Cost of Aggressive Sovereign Debt Policies : : How Much is theprivate Sector Affected? / / Christoph Trebesch
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2009
ISBN	9786612842511 9781462362844 1462362842 9781452703664 1452703663 9781451871760 1451871767 9781282842519 128284251X
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (37 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Disciplina	332
Soggetti	Debts, Public Fiscal policy Capital and Ownership Structure Credit Debt default Debt Management Debt restructuring Debt Debts, External Economic & financial crises & disasters Exports and Imports External debt Finance Financial Crises Financial crises Financial Risk and Risk Management Financial Risk Management Financing Policy Goodwill International economics International Lending and Debt Problems Monetary economics

	Monetary Policy, Central Banking, and the Supply of Money and Credit: General Money and Monetary Policy Money Public debt Public finance & taxation Public Finance Sovereign Debt Value of Firms United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"February 2009."
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; II. Related Literature; A. Debt Crises and Private Sector Access to Credit; B. The Role of Cooperation and Policy Signals; III. Econometric Methodology; A. Previous Approaches; B. Estimated Model; C. Dependent Variable: Foreign Credit to the Private Sector; D. Measuring Crisis Episodes; IV. Data: The Index of Coerciveness; A. Composition of the Index; B. Coding of the Index; V. Estimation Issues: Controlling for Shocks, Politics and Fundamentals; VI. Discussion of Results; A. Main Results; B. Effects of Individual Coercive Policies; C. Robustness Analysis VII. Concluding RemarksTables; 1. Emerging Market Countries Included in the Estimations; 2. List of Control Variables; 3. Effect of Aggressive Debt Policies on Total Amount Borrowed; 4. Default Effects and Aggressive Debt Policies During Default; 5. Effect of Individual Coercive Actions (9 Sub-Indicators); 6. Robustness Tests; References
Sommario/riassunto	This paper proposes a new empirical measure of cooperative versus conflictual crisis resolution following sovereign default and debt distress. The index of government coerciveness is presented as a proxy for excusable versus inexcusable default behaviour and used to evaluate the costs of default for the domestic private sector, in particular its access to international debt markets. Our findings indicate that unilateral, aggressive sovereign debt policies lead to a strong decline in corporate access to external finance (loans and bond issuance). We conclude that coercive government actions towards external creditors can have strong signalling effects with negative spillovers on domestic firms. "Good faith" debt renegotiations may be crucial to minimize the domestic costs of sovereign defaults.