

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910968177303321
Autore	Alexander Michael
Titolo	Access 2013 bible : [the comprehensive tutorial resource] / / Michael Alexander and Dick Kusleika
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Indianapolis, Ind., : John Wiley & Sons, 2013
ISBN	9781118490341 1118490347 9781299464896 1299464890 9781118491546 1118491548
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1299 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	KusleikaDick
Disciplina	005.7565
Soggetti	Database management Databases
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	pt. I. Access building blocks -- pt. II. Understanding Access tables -- pt. III. Working with Access queries -- pt. IV. Analyzing data in Access -- pt. V. Working with Access forms and reports -- pt. VI. Access programming fundamentals -- pt. VII. Advanced Access programming techniques -- VIII. Access and Windows SharePoint services -- pt. XI. Appendixes.
Sommario/riassunto	A comprehensive reference to the updated and new features of Access 2013 As the world's most popular database management tool, Access enables you to organize, present, analyze, and share data as well as build powerful database solutions. However, databases can be complex. That's why you need the expert guidance in this comprehensive reference. Access 2013 Bible helps you gain a solid understanding of database purpose, construction, and application so that whether you're new to Access or looking to upgrade to the 2013 version, this well-rounded resource provides you with a th

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910960886803321
Autore	Gupta Sanjeev
Titolo	How Effective is Fiscal Policy Response in Systemic Banking Crises? // Sanjeev Gupta, Carlos Mulas-Granados, Emanuele Baldacci
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2009
ISBN	9786612843730 9781462382002 1462382002 9781452786391 1452786399 9781282843738 1282843737 9781451873078 1451873077
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (40 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Altri autori (Persone)	BaldacciEmanuele Mulas-GranadosCarlos
Disciplina	332
Soggetti	Bank failures - Costs - Econometric models Financial crises - Costs - Econometric models Banking crises Banks and Banking Economic & financial crises & disasters Financial Crises Financial crises Financial Risk Management Fiscal Policy Fiscal policy Fiscal stimulus Macroeconomics Public finance & taxation Public Finance Revenue administration Revenue Taxation, Subsidies, and Revenue: General United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; II. Literature Review; III. Fiscal Policy During Banking Crises; Figures; 1. Frequency and Duration of Banking Crises; 2. Economic Consequences of Banking Crises; Tables; 1. Fiscal Aggregates; IV. The Effectiveness of Fiscal Response; 2. Budget Composition: Revenues; 3. Budget Composition Expenditures; 3. Fiscal Policy and Crisis Length; 4. Fiscal Expansion Composition and Post-Crisis Growth; 5. Fiscal Policy, Resolution Policies, and Crisis Length; 6. Fiscal Policy Composition, Resolution Policies, and Crisis Length; 7. Fiscal Policy Composition, Resolution Policies, and Post-Crisis Growth; 8. Explaining Crisis Length Controlling for Initial Fiscal Conditions; 9. Explaining Crisis Length Controlling for Initial Economic Conditions; 10. Explaining Post-Crisis Growth Controlling for Initial Fiscal Conditions; 11. Explaining Post-Crisis Growth Controlling for Initial Economic Conditions; V. Robustness Analysis; VI. Conclusion; Appendixes; Appendix Tables; A1. Episodes of Banking Crisis in the World, 1980-2008; A2. Budget Composition: Revenues; A3. Budget Composition: Expenditures; A4. The Relationship Between Containment and Resolution Policies and Crisis Length; A5. Robustness Estimations: Different Definition of Crisis Duration Based on Stock Market Recovery; A6. Robustness Estimations: Focusing on Discretionary Expansionary Fiscal Policy; A7. Robustness Estimations: Controlling for Endogeneity; References
Sommario/riassunto	This paper studies the effects of fiscal policy response in 118 episodes of systemic banking crisis in advanced and emerging market countries during 1980-2008. It finds that timely countercyclical fiscal measures contribute to shortening the length of crisis episodes by stimulating aggregate demand. Fiscal expansions that rely mostly on measures to support government consumption are more effective in shortening the crisis duration than those based on public investment or income tax cuts. But these results do not hold for countries with limited fiscal space where fiscal expansions are prevented by funding constraints. The composition of countercyclical fiscal responses matters as well for output recovery after the crisis, with public investment yielding the strongest impact on growth. These results suggest a potential trade-off between short-run aggregate demand support and medium-term productivity growth objectives in fiscal stimulus packages adopted in distress times.