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Autore	Frappier Lori
Titolo	EBNA1 and Epstein-Barr virus associated tumours / / Lori Frappier
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, : Springer, 2013
ISBN	1-4614-6886-8
Edizione	[1st ed. 2013.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (43 p.)
Collana	SpringerBriefs in Cancer Research, , 2194-1173
Disciplina	616.994071
Soggetti	Epstein-Barr virus diseases Cancer
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	.-Introduction. -- Roles of EBNA1 at EBV Episomes. -- EBNA1-DNA Interactions. -- EBNA1 Contributions to EBV-associated Tumours. -- Cellular Effects of EBNA1. -- Conclusion .
Sommario/riassunto	This SpringerBrief is comprehensive account of the functions and effects of the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) EBNA1 protein that relate to EBV-associated cancers and evidence for EBNA1 contributions to these cancers. EBNA1 was the first EBV protein detected and the most critical for EBV latent infection. EBNA1 fulfills multiple functions at EBV genomes which have been described in many (sometimes confusing) reports over the last 28 years. While these were initially thought to be the only roles of EBNA1, many reports in recent years have shown that EBNA1 also directly affects cellular processes in ways that would be expected to contribute to oncogenesis. However, the degree to which EBNA1 promotes cell survival and oncogenesis in various types of human tumours is not entirely clear and a matter of debate. This book offers a current synopsis of EBNA1 functions in EBV latency, including functions in DNA replication, mitotic segregation and transcription. Mechanisms of these EBNA1 functions is also discussed as well as implications for tumourigenesis. In addition, the cellular effects of EBNA1 will be reviewed, including how EBNA1 manipulates specific cellular proteins and relationships to EBV-associated lymphomas and carcinomas.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910959522003321
Autore	Trytten Merriam Hartwick <b. 1894.>
Titolo	Student deferment in selective service, a vital factor in national security // by M.H. Trytten
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Minneapolis, : University of Minnesota Press, [1952]
ISBN	0-8166-6472-2
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (149 pages)
Disciplina	355.223 355.2230973
Soggetti	Draft - United States Students - United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	pt. 1. The policy of student deferment -- pt. 2. Supplementary information and discussion.
Sommario/riassunto	What does student deferment mean? Is it an exemption or a postponement of military service? Why did our government adopt the policy? How does it operate? How does it affect national security? Does it result in special privilege? Is deferment justified regardless of what curriculum a student chooses? These are some of the questions Dr. Trytten answers in this timely review of an important and controversial national program. As a shrinking manpower pool points up the need for new sources to meet draft quotas, the deferment policy may well come under attack from those who do not understand its purpose. To stimulate informed thought and discussion about the program, Dr. Trytten here reviews the broad problem of manpower needs, as well as the history of the deferment policy. He explains the basis for the policy's adoption, outlines the criteria and methods of deferment, and describes the college qualification test used. This central fact is emphasized as fundamental in any consideration of our manpower problems: National defense once rested largely on the military; today's age of technology, however, dictates that the military must depend upon an uninterrupted functioning of civilian activities. The laboratory, the industrial plant, and the business organization are as vital as the armed forces themselves. Thus college training has become as

essential as military training.
