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| Nota di contenuto       | Contents; Foreword; Acknowledgments; Acronyms and Abbreviations; Units of Measure; Chapter 1 Introduction; Summary of Key Findings; Note; Reference; Chapter 2 Background; The Growing Importance of RE Development; Use of RE Policy Tools to Support RE in Developed and Developing Countries; Experience with the Use of RE Policy Mechanisms in Developed Countries; Policy Choice and Trends in Developing Countries; Figures; Figure 2.1: Use of Renewable Energy Policy Instruments<br>Figure 2.2: Choice of Policy Instruments to Deploy RE in the Developing World (Number of Countries Introducing Instrument Per Period)Tables; Table 2.1: Renewable Energy Policy Instruments: Adoption and Policy Shifts; Notes; References; Chapter 3 Emerging Experience in Selected Developing Countries; Objectives of the Review and Characterization of the Sample; Figure 3.1: Mapping the Sample; Emerging Experience with |

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Table 3.2: Feed-in Tariff Design in Sample Countries as of the Last Reform, 2010  
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Renewable energy plays an important role in contributing to the transition toward low-carbon development growth, in enhancing technology diversification and hedging against fuel price volatility, in strengthening economic growth, and in facilitating access to electricity. The global trends indicate a growing commitment to renewable energy development from developed and developing countries in both the introduction of specific policy levers and investment flows. Developing countries have now a long history of designing and implementing specific policy and regulatory instruments to promote renewab

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