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Titolo	Coding the hypothetical : a comparative typology of Russian and Macedonian conditionals // Jane F. Hacking
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam ; ; Philadelphia, : J. Benjamins, c1998
ISBN	1-283-28034-5 9786613280343 90-272-8191-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (viii, 158 pages)
Collana	Studies in language companion series (SLCS), , 0165-7763 ; ; v. 38
Disciplina	491.75
Soggetti	Russian language - Conditionals Macedonian language - Conditionals Typology (Linguistics) Russian language - Grammar, Comparative - Macedonian Macedonian language - Grammar, Comparative - Russian
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	CODING THE HYPOTHETICAL A COMPARATIVE TYPOLOGY OF RUSSIAN AND MACEDONIAN CONDITIONALS; Editorial page; Title page; Copyright page; Table of contents; Acknowledgments; Chapter 1. Introduction; Chapter 2. On Russian conditionals; Chapter 3. Morphosyntactic and semantic features of Russian conditionals; Chapter 4. Conditional sentences in Macedonian; Chapter 5. Conclusion; Selected bibliography; Index
Sommario/riassunto	Conditionals encode speculation. They convey how events could have been different in the past or present, or might be different in the future if particular conditions had been or will be met. While all languages afford the means to speculate or hypothesize about possible events, the ways in which they do so vary. This work explores some of this variation through an analysis of the structure and semantics of complex conditional sentences in Russian and Macedonian.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910958629403321
Titolo	Regional Economic Outlook, April 2011, Western Hemisphere : : Watching Out for Overheating
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2011
ISBN	9786613848109 9781462342495 1462342493 9781455264360 1455264369 9781283535656 1283535653 9781462381845 1462381847
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (95 p.)
Collana	Regional Economic Outlook World economic and financial surveys
Disciplina	330.971100112
Soggetti	Economic forecasting - Western Hemisphere Banks and Banking Foreign Exchange Inflation Macroeconomics Real Estate Price Level Deflation Banks Depository Institutions Micro Finance Institutions Mortgages Agriculture: Aggregate Supply and Demand Analysis Prices Commodity Markets Currency Foreign exchange Banking Finance Property & real estate Exchange rates

Food prices  
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Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"Apr 11."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 76-79).
Nota di contenuto	<p>Cover; Contents; Preface; Executive Summary; 1. Global, U.S., and Canadian Outlook; 1.1. The Global Outlook-A Dual Speed Expansion Proceeds with Increasing Risks; Advanced Economies; Emerging Market Economies; 1.2. United States-Ongoing Recovery with Downside Risks; Boxes; 1.1. Long-Term Outlook for the U.S. Federal Government Finances; What Kinds of Policies Are Needed?; 1.2. Household Deleveraging in the United States; 1.3. Canada-Recovery Gathers Strength; 1.4. Implications for the Latin American and Caribbean Region; 1.3. Canada's Financial System Resilience: What Can Others Learn?</p> <p>2. Outlook and Policy Issues for Latin America and the Caribbean 2.1. Overview; 2.2. Policy Challenges; South America-Managing Double Tailwinds; 2.1. Changing Export Patterns in Latin America and the Caribbean; South America-The Less Financially Integrated Commodity Exporters; 2.2. An Update on Macroprudential Policies; Mexico and Central America-Rebuilding Policy Buffers; The Caribbean-Recovery Beginning Amid High Debt; 2.3. Haiti: Economic Developments since the January 2010 Earthquake; 2.4. Caribbean Offshore Financial Centers: Opportunities and Challenges</p> <p>2.3. Dealing with the Oil and Food Price Shock Impact of Global Commodity Price Shocks on Inflation; Monetary Policy in the Face of Commodity Price Shocks; Social Policies and Commodity Price Shocks: Protecting the Poor; 2.5. The Information Value of Core Inflation; 2.4. Credit Markets and Asset Prices-Are Bubbly Conditions Taking Hold?; Bank Credit Growth; Corporate Indebtedness; Equity Prices; Housing Prices; 2.5. Capital Inflows-Guarding Against the Reversal of Favorable Global Conditions; 2.6. Stock Market Developments in the Region: The Role of Commodities</p> <p>Annex 2.1. Estimating Inflation Pass-Throughs 3. Foreign Exchange Market Intervention: How Good a Defense Against Appreciation Winds?; 3.1. Introduction; 3.2. Key Trends; 3.1. Actual Intervention and Changes in Gross International Reserves; 3.3. Modalities of Intervention; 3.2. Foreign Exchange Intervention Rules in Practice: Selected Latin American Experiences; 3.3. Instruments for Foreign Exchange Purchases; 3.4. Searching for Effects of Intervention: New Evidence; An Econometric Panel Approach; 3.4. Channels of Transmission of Foreign Exchange Intervention to the Exchange Rate 3.5. Overview of Recent Empirical Studies on Foreign Exchange Intervention in Latin America 3.5. Quasi-Fiscal Costs of FXI; 3.6. Takeaways and Policy Considerations; Annex 3.1. Foreign Exchange Intervention and International Reserves: Data Availability; Annex 3.2. Methodological Strategy for the Panel Approach; Annex 3.3. Confidence</p>

Sommario/riassunto

Despite the recent deterioration in the global economic environment, projections for the region involve only a modest worsening of the outlook. The October 2011 Regional Economic Outlook: Western Hemisphere cautions, however, that there are severe downside risks. A sharp slowdown in Asia, for example in response to a recession in advanced economies, could impact commodity prices, with negative effects on Latin American commodity exporters. With global monetary policy likely to remain accommodative, capital flows could exacerbate overheating and amplify vulnerabilities in emerging markets. Countries with strong real linkages to the United States face a somewhat weaker outlook and should give priority to reducing public debt. Although much of the Caribbean is recovering from a prolonged recession, the outlook remains constrained by high public debt and weak tourism flows. This issue finds that policies can play an important role in mitigating the economic impact of terms-of-trade shocks, and underscores the need to rebuild policy buffers.

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