1. Record Nr. UNISA996389641303316 Autore **Sherrard Robert** The countryman vvith his houshold [[electronic resource]]: Being a Titolo familiar conference, concerning faith towards God, and good workes before men; fitted for the capacitie of the meanest. // By R.S. preacher of the word at Arley.; See the contents more particularly before the booke Imprinted at London,: By Edward Griffin for Iohn Bartlet in Cheapside,, Pubbl/distr/stampa 1620 Descrizione fisica [14], 256 p Christian life Soggetti Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Attributed to Robert Sherrard by STC (2nd ed.). Imperfect: some faded print. Reproduction of original in: Yale University. Library.

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Sommario/riassunto

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910956489003321 Autore Vernon Raymond <1913-1999.> Titolo In the hurricane's eye: the troubled prospects of multinational enterprises / / Raymond Vernon Cambridge, MA,: Harvard University Press, 1998 Pubbl/distr/stampa 9780674044661 **ISBN** 0674044665 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (273 p.) Disciplina 338.8/8 Soggetti International business enterprises Host countries (Business) - Economic policy Competition, International Pressure groups Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Includes bibliographical references (p. [221]-257) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- CONTENTS -- Preface -- 1 SETTING THE CONTEXT -- 2 TENSIONS IN THE BACKGROUND -- 3 INSIDE THE EMERGING ECONOMIES -- 4 INSIDE THE INDUSTRIALIZED ECONOMIES -- 5 THE STRUGGLE OVER OPEN MARKETS -- 6 RIGHTING THE BALANCE -- Notes -- Index Sommario/riassunto The world's multinational enterprises face a spell of rough weather. political economist Ray Vernon argues, not only from the host countries in which they have established their subsidiaries, but also from their home countries. Such enterprises--a few thousand in number. including Microsoft, Toyota, IBM, Siemens, Samsung, and others--now generate about half of the world's industrial output and half of the world's foreign trade; so any change in the relatively benign climate in which they have operated over the past decade will create serious tensions in international economic relations. The warnings of such a change are already here. In the United States, interests such as labor are increasingly hostile to what they see as the costs and uncertainties of an open economy. In Europe, those who want to preserve the social

safety net and those who feel that the net must be dismantled are increasingly at odds. In Japan, the talk of "hollowing out" takes on a

new urgency as the country's "lifetime employment" practices are threatened and as public and private institutions are subjected to unaccustomed stress. The tendency of multinationals in different countries to find common cause in open markets, strong patents and trademarks, and international technical standards has been viewed as a loss of national sovereignty and a weakening of the nation-state system, producing hostile reactions in home countries. The challenge for policy makers, Vernon argues, is to bridge the quite different regimes of the multinational enterprise and the nation-state. Both have a major role to play, and yet must make basic changes in their practices and policies to accommodate each other.