Record Nr. UNINA9910956310803321 Autore Kahn Paul W. <1952-> Titolo Out of Eden: Adam and Eve and the problem of evil / / Paul W. Kahn Princeton,: Princeton University Press, c2007 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9786612129704 9781282129702 1282129708 9781400827442 1400827442 Edizione [Course Book] 1 online resource (242 p.) Descrizione fisica Classificazione 08.38 170 Disciplina Soggetti Good and evil Eden Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction:The Study of Evil -- Chapter one: A Preliminary Meditation on Oedipus and Adam -- Chapter two: Evil and the Image of the Sacred -- Chapter three: Love and Evil -- Chapter four: Political Evil: Slavery and the Shame of Nature -- Chapter five: Political Evil: Killing, Sacrifice, and the Image of God -- Conclusion: Tragedy, Comedy, And The Banality Of Evil -- Index Sommario/riassunto In Out of Eden, Paul W. Kahn offers a philosophical meditation on the problem of evil. He uses the Genesis story of the Fall as the starting point for a profound articulation of the human condition. Kahn shows us that evil expresses the rage of a subject who knows both that he is an image of an infinite God and that he must die. Kahn's interpretation of Genesis leads him to inquiries into a variety of modern forms of evil. including slavery, torture, and genocide. Kahn takes issue with Hannah Arendt's theory of the banality of evil, arguing that her view is an instance of the modern world's lost capacity to speak of evil. Psychological, social, and political accounts do not explain evil as much as explain it away. Focusing on the existential roots of evil rather than

on the occasions for its appearance. Kahn argues that evil originates in

man's flight from death. He urges us to see that the opposite of evil is not good, but love: while evil would master death, love would transcend it. Offering a unique perspective that combines political and cultural theory, law, and philosophy, Kahn here continues his project of advancing a political theology of modernity.