

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910955541303321
Autore	Flynn George Q
Titolo	Conscription and democracy : the draft in France, Great Britain, and the United States / / George Q. Flynn
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Westport, Conn., : Greenwood Press, 2002
ISBN	9780313074196 0313074194
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (307 p.)
Collana	Contributions in military studies, , 0883-6884 ; ; no. 210
Disciplina	355.2/2363/0904
Soggetti	Draft - France - History - 20th century Draft - Great Britain - History - 20th century Draft - United States - History - 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [265]-283) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Acknowledgments -- 1. Introduction -- 2. The Road to World War I -- 3. Conscription and War -- 4. 1920 to 1945 -- 5. Limited Wars -- 6. Operating the System -- 7. Deferring the Elite -- 8. Fit to Fight -- 9. Conscription and the Economy -- 10. Conscience and the Draft -- 11. The Politics of Conscription -- 12. Evaluation and Conclusions -- Selected Bibliography -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	Finding the manpower to defend democracy has been a recurring problem. Russell Weigley writes: The historic preoccupation of the Army's thought in peacetime has been the manpower question: how, in an unmilitary nation, to muster adequate numbers of capable soldiers quickly should war occur. When the nature of modern warfare made an all-volunteer army inadequate, the major Western democracies confronted the dilemma of involuntary military service in a free society. The core of this manuscript concerns methods by which France, Great Britain, and the United States solved the problem and why some solutions were more lasting and effective than others. Flynn challenges conventional wisdom that suggests that conscription was inefficient and that it promoted inequality of sacrifice. Sharing similar but not identical diplomatic outlooks, the three countries discussed here were allies in world wars and in the Cold War, and they also confronted the

problem of using conscripts to defend colonial interests in an age of decolonization. These societies rest upon democratic principles, and operating a draft in a democracy raises several unique problems. A particular tension develops as a result of adopting forced military service in a polity based on concepts of individual rights and freedoms. Despite the protest and inconsistencies, the criticism and waste, Flynn reveals that conscription served the three Western democracies well in an historical context, proving effective in gathering fighting men and allowing a flexibility to cope and change as problems arose.
