1. Record Nr. UNINA9910954651303321 Prosody and iconicity / / edited by Sylvie Hancil, Daniel Hirst Titolo Amsterdam;; Philadelphia,: John Benjamins Pub. Co., 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9781299283770 1299283772 9789027272195 9027272190 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (268 p.) Iconicity in language and literature, , 1873-5037 ; ; v. 13 Collana Altri autori (Persone) HancilSylvie HirstDaniel 414/.6 Disciplina Soggetti Iconicity (Linguistics) Versification Language and languages Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Prosody and Iconicity; Editorial page; Title page; LCC data; Table of contents; Introduction; References; Prosodic Iconicity and experiential blending; 1. Introduction; 2. The semiotic scene: Overt and global communication models; 2.1 The 'hearer-only perspective'; 2.2 "Abstract information processing"; 2.3 A third model of communication?; 2.4 Prosodies and experience shaping; 2.4.1 Speech rate, rhythm and tempo; 2.4.2 Audible spectrum: Frequencies codes?; 2.4.3 Phonatory posture imitation through formats (proprioceptive formant analyzer) speech motor imitation 3. Conceptual blending framework 3.1 Blending; 3.1.1 Perception; 3.1.2 Levels specificity: 3.1.3 Mono- and inter-modal perceptual integration: "Stroop-effect" and McGurck-MacDonald effect; 3.2 Material anchors: 3.2.1 Speaking and writing; 3.2.2 More material anchoring for speaking and writing; 4. Experiential blending; 4.1 The experiential blending; 4.2 Levels of experiential blending; 4.2.1 First level experiential blending; 4.2.2 Second level experiential blending; 4.3 Experiential blending and iconic emergence; 4.3.1 "Experiencing budget" blend; 4.3.2 "Runningtalking" experiential blend

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Sommario/riassunto

couple

The benefit of prosodic and additional spectral over exclusively cepstral feature information is investigated for the recognition of phonemes in eight different speaking styles reaching from informal to formal. As prosodic information is best analyzed on a supra-segmental level, the whole temporal context of a phoneme is exploited by application of statistical functionals. 521 acoustic features are likewise obtained and evaluated per descriptor and functional by either de-correlating floating search feature evaluation or classification performance: The classifier of choice are Support Vector M