

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910954347603321
Autore	Noelle-Karimi Christine
Titolo	State and tribe in nineteenth-century Afghanistan : the reign of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan (1826-1863) // Christine Noelle
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Richmond, Surrey, : Curzon, 1997 Richmond, Surrey : , : Curzon, , 1997
ISBN	1-280-87314-0 9786613714459 1-136-60318-2 1-136-60317-4 0-203-35842-2
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (465 p.)
Disciplina	958.103
Soggetti	Afghanistan History 19th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; State and Tribe in Nineteenth-Century Afghanistan: The Reign of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan (1826-1863); Copyright; CONTENTS; ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS; PREFACE; ABBREVIATIONS; INTRODUCTION; Chapter 1 DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S FIRST REIGN AND THE FIRST ANGLO-AFGHAN WAR; THE POLITICAL SETTING IN THE EARLY NINETEENTH CENTURY; The Alikozais; The Popalzais; The Barakzais; DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S ASSUMPTION OF POWER; The Power Struggle among the Muhammadzais (1818-1826); The Beginnings of Muhammadzai Rule; Dost Muhammad Khan's Person; DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S SPHERE OF INFLUENCE 1826-1839 Kabul in the Early Nineteenth CenturyThe Qizilbash; Sunni-Shi'a Frictions; Kohistan; Bamiyan and Bihsud; Dost Muhammad Khan's Consolidation of Power; THE FIRST ANGLO-AFGHAN WAR (1839-1842) AND AMIR DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S RESUMPTION OF POWER; The Events Leading up to the British Invasion; Amir Dost Muhammad Khan's Perspective; The British Occupation of Afghanistan; The Principal Participants in the Uprising of 1841-1842; Administrative Measures Taken by Amir Dost Muhammad Khan after his Resumption of Power;

Chapter 2 AMIR DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S POLICIES IN TURKISTAN
 AFGHAN TURKISTAN - THE GEOGRAPHICAL AND ETHNOGRAPHICAL
 SETTINGPhysical Features; The Inhabitants; HISTORICAL OVERVIEW; The
 Origin of the Uzbeks; The Chingizid System of Government; The Rise of
 Amirid States; Afghan Turkistan under the Sadozais; THE UZBEK
 PRINCIPALITIES OF THE EARLY NINETEENTH CENTURY; Maimana; Qilich
 'Ali of Tashqurghan (Khulm); Mazar-i Sharif and Balkh; Mir Murad Beg
 of Qunduz; Mir Wali of Tashqurghan; DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S
 INTERVENTION IN TURKISTAN; The Beginnings of Afghan
 Administration; The Extension of Afghan Authority in Western
 Turkistan; The Conquest of Qunduz
 THE EFFECTS OF THE AFGHAN ADMINISTRATIONAdministrative
 Measures Taken by the Afghan Government; The Socio-Political Setting
 in Qataghan and Badakhshan; The Organization of the Afghan
 Administration; Chapter 3 THE POSITION OF THE PASHTUN TRIBES IN
 THE MUHAMMADZAI STATE; PASHTUN ORGANIZATION IN THE LIGHT OF
 MODERN ANTHROPOLOGY; The Concept of 'Tribe'; The Pashtuns; The
 Yusufzais of Swat; The Mohmand Agency; The Pashtun Tribes of Khost;
 The Ghilzais; THE PASHTUNS IN HISTORY; The Border Tribes; The Tribes
 of the Khyber Region; Kurram, Khost and Zumat; Bajaur; The
 Mohmands of La'lpura
 The Western Reaches of the Kabul RiverKunar; The Jabbar Khel Ghilzais;
 The Babakr Khel Ghilzais; The Hotak and Tokhi Ghilzais; The Historical
 Origins of the Leading Families; The Position of the Leadership in the
 Early Nineteenth Century; Dost Muhammad Khan's Policies towards the
 Hotaks and Tokhis; Revenues Raised among the Ghilzais; Chapter 4
 DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S OCCUPATION OF QANDAHAR AND HIS
 ADMINISTRATION; THE DURRANIS; Durrani History and Organization;
 The Policies of the Qandahar Sardars; Dost Muhammad Khan's
 Occupation of Qandahar; DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN'S ADMINISTRATION
 The Structure of Dost Muhammad Khan's Government

Sommario/riassunto

With the exception of two short periods of direct British intervention during the Anglo-Afghan Wars of 1839-42 and 1878-80, the history of nineteenth-century Afghanistan has received little attention from western scholars. This study seeks to shift the focus of debate from the geostrategic concern with Afghanistan as the bone of contention between imperial Russian and British interests to a thorough investigation of the sociopolitical circumstances prevailing within the country. On the basis of unpublished British documents and works by Afghan historians, it lays the groundwork for a better un
