

1. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991004354938507536
Autore	La Duca, Rosario
Titolo	Cartografia generale della città di Palermo e antiche carte della Sicilia / Rosario La Duca
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Napoli : Edizioni scientifiche italiane, 1975
Descrizione fisica	2 v. : ill. ; 23 cm
Disciplina	912.458
Soggetti	Sicilia - Carte topografiche
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	in cartella
Nota di contenuto	1. - 307 p. : ill ; 33 cm 2. : Tavole - [40] carte di tavola non rilegate : tutte ill.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910954293503321
Autore	French Dan (Historian)
Titolo	When they hid the fire : a history of electricity and invisible energy in America // Daniel French
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania : , : University of Pittsburgh Press, , 2017 ©2017
ISBN	9780822981930 0822981939
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (263 pages)
Collana	Intersections: environment, science, technology
Disciplina	333.79320973 333.7932
Soggetti	Electric utilities - United States - History History United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Issued as part of book collections on Project MUSE.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 204-230) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preface -- Introduction -- 1. English roots, utopia found and lost -- 2. The energy revolution and the ascendancy of coal -- 3. The conundrum of smoke and visible energy -- 4. Technology and energy in the abstract -- 5. Of fluids, fields, and wizards -- 6. Energy, utopia, and the American mind -- 7. Turbines, coal, and convenience -- Conclusion.
Sommario/riassunto	When They Hid the Fire examines the American social perceptions of electricity as an energy technology that were adopted between the mid-nineteenth and early decades of the twentieth centuries. Arguing that both technical and cultural factors played a role, Daniel French shows how electricity became an invisible and abstract form of energy in American society. As technological advancements allowed for an increasing physical distance between power generation and power consumption, the commodity of electricity became consciously detached from the environmentally destructive fire and coal that produced it. This development, along with cultural forces, led the public to define electricity as mysterious, utopian, and an alternative to nearby fire-based energy sources. With its adoption occurring

simultaneously with Progressivism and consumerism, electricity use was encouraged and seen as an integral part of improvement and modernity, leading Americans to culturally construct electricity as unlimited and environmentally inconsequential--a newfound "basic right" of life in the United States.

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