Record Nr. UNINA9910953885603321 Autore Anttila Raimo **Titolo** Historical and comparative linguistics // Raimo Anttila Pubbl/distr/stampa Amsterdam; ; Philadelphia, : John Benjamins Pub. Co., 2009, c1989 **ISBN** 1-283-04725-X 9786613047250 90-272-8608-6 Edizione [2nd ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (489 p.) Amsterdam studies in the theory and history of linguistic science. Series Collana IV, Current issues in linguistic theory, , 0304-0763;; v. 6 AnttilaRaimo Altri autori (Persone) Disciplina 410/.9 Soggetti Comparative linguistics Historical linguistics Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese Materiale a stampa **Formato** Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto HISTORICAL AND COMPARATIVE LINGUISTICS -- Editorial page -- Title page -- Copyright page -- PREFACE -- Table of contents --INTRODUCTION 1988 -- APOLOGIA PRO REEDITIONE SUA -- SEMIOTICS AND CHANGE -- REFERENCES -- PART I. BACKGROUND: GENETIC LINGUISTICS IN RELATION TO GENERAL LINGUISTICS AND RELATED FIELDS -- CHAPTER 1. LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS -- REFERENCES --CHAPTER 2. WRITING AND LANGUAGE -- REFERENCES -- CHAPTER 3. LINGUISTIC VARIATION -- REFERENCES -- PART II. HISTORICAL LINGUISTICS: HOW DOES LANGUAGE CHANGE? -- CHAPTER 4. SOUND CHANGE -- REFERENCES -- CHAPTER 5. GRAMMAR CHANGE: ANALOGY -- REFERENCES -- CHAPTER 6. RULE CHANGE -- REFERENCES --CHAPTER 7. SEMANTIC CHANGE -- REFERENCES -- CHAPTER 8. EXTERNAL CHANGE: BORROWING -- REFERENCES -- CHAPTER 9. WHY DOES LANGUAGE CHANGE? LINGUISTIC AND SOCIAL FACTORS --REFERENCES -- PART III. COMPARATIVE LINGUISTICS (GENERAL NOTIONS AND STRUCTURE): HOW CAN CHANGE BE REVERSED? --CHAPTER 10. PRELIMINARIES TO THE HISTORICAL METHODS --PHONEMIC ANALYSIS -- MORPHOPHONEMIC ANALYSIS -- REFERENCES -- CHAPTER 11. THE COMPARATIVE METHOD (THE CENTRAL CONCEPT)

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Sommario/riassunto

In any course of historical and comparative linguistics there will be students of different language backgrounds, different levels of linguistic training, and different theoretical orientation. This textbook attempts to mitigate the problems raised by this heterogeneity in a number of ways. Since it is impossible to treat the language or language family of special interest to every student, the focus of this book is on English in particular and Indo-European languages in general, with Finnish and its closely related languages for contrast. The tenets of different schools of linguistics, and the controversies among them, are treated eclectically and objectively; the examination of language itself plays the leading role in our efforts to ascertain the comparative value of competing theories. This revised edition (1989) of a standard work for comparative linguists offers an added introduction dealing mainly with a semiotic basis of change, a final chapter on aspects of explanation, particularly in historical and human disciplines, and added sections on comparative syntax and on the semiotic status of the comparative method.