

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910953863903321
Titolo	Competitiveness strategy in developing countries / / edited by Ganeshan Wignaraja
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York, : Routledge, 2003
ISBN	1-134-58544-6 0-203-77427-2 1-134-58545-4 1-280-07034-X 0-585-45735-2
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (321 p.)
Collana	Routledge studies in development economics ; ; 29
Altri autori (Persone)	WignarajaGaneshan <1962->
Disciplina	338.4767091724 338.6048091724
Soggetti	Industrial policy - Developing countries Industrial productivity - Developing countries Investments, Foreign - Government policy - Developing countries Technological innovations - Economic aspects - Developing countries Competition - Developing countries International trade Competition, International
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"A manual for policy analysis"- -Cover.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Book Cover; Title; Contents; List of illustrations; List of contributors; Editor's note; Introduction, concepts and benchmarking; Introduction; Competitiveness analysis and strategy; Benchmarking competitiveness: a first look at the MECI; Supply-side issues and policies for competitiveness; Science, technology and innovation policy; Industrial clusters and business development services for small and medium-sized enterprises; Government policies towards foreign direct investment; Financial sector policies for enterprise development; Incentive policies for competitiveness Privatisation, regulation and domestic competition policy International trade policies; Index

Sommario/riassunto

Globalization and structural adjustment offer many opportunities for export orientated industrialization in developing economies. As a group, competitiveness in the developing countries has improved, but, while East Asian economies have had rapid export growth and technological upgrades, South Asian and African economies have lagged behind. Old structures, institutions, behavioural patterns and public policies are ill-adapted to deal with the challenges posed by technological change and economic liberalization. Consequently there is an urgent need for change in government and private sector at
