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global security dilemma: Interpreting Russia's security agenda; Beliefs and traditions of the Putin regime; Traditional Russian beliefs and the Putin regime; Contemporary beliefs: fear of the 1990s chaos and the Putin regime

Russia's security dilemma: how to normalize its position as a great power in the contemporary global security architectureStage 1: internal rebuilding and Russia's attempts to fit into existing global architecture, 2000-02; Stage 2: Russia's reassertion of its position in the global security architecture, 2002-08; Conclusion; Notes; References; 7.

Interpreting missile defence: A comparative study of European reactions; Symbolism, tradition, narrative and socialization in domestic nuclear politics; The construction of nuclear politics in Britain, France and (West) Germany

British strategic narratives and traditionsFrench beliefs; French strategic narratives and traditions; West German beliefs; West German strategic narratives and traditions; Missile defence as a nuclear politics dilemma; Reconstructing the nuclear narratives; Notes; References; 8. Framing the sovereignty intervention dilemma: The strange omission of the Genocide Convention; Why focus on the Genocide Convention?; The UN Charter frame; Conclusion; Notes; References; 9. Writing the threat of terrorism in Western Europe and the European Union: An interpretive analysis

Interpreting terror: dominant beliefs about terrorism

Sommario/riassunto

<P>This edited collection explores the fruitfulness of applying an interpretive approach to the study of global security. The interpretive approach concentrates on unpacking the meanings and beliefs of various policy actors, and, crucially, explains those beliefs by locating them in historical traditions and as responses to dilemmas.

Interpretivists thereby seek to highlight the contingency, diversity, and contestability of the narratives, expertise, and beliefs that inform political action. The interpretive approach is widespread in the study of governance and public policy, but arguably it h
