

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910903791203321
Autore	Bandarra Leonardo
Titolo	Nuclear Latency and The Participation Puzzle: Constructing of the International Non-Proliferation Regime // by Leonardo Bandarra
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer Nature Switzerland : , : Imprint : Palgrave Macmillan, , 2024
ISBN	9783031701221 3031701224
Edizione	[1st ed. 2024.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (258 pages)
Disciplina	327.117 363.325
Soggetti	Terrorism Political violence International relations Human rights Political science Terrorism and Political Violence International Relations Politics and Human Rights Politics and International Studies
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1 - Introduction: Nuclear Latency and the Participation Puzzle -- Chapter 2 - "One of Us": Nuclear Latency and Participation in the Non-Proliferation Regime -- Chapter 3 – A Role Theoretical Approach to Participation: Defining a Causal Mechanism -- Chapter 4 - Into the Macro-Level: A set-theoretical Analysis of Participation in the non-proliferation regime -- Chapter 5 - The Civilian Power: German Nuclear Non-Proliferation Policy and Participation Strategy (1990-2020) -- Chapter 6 - The Global Development Power: The Brazilian Non-Proliferation Policy and Participation Strategy (1990-2020) -- Chapter 7: Conclusion: Limitations, Contributions, and Policy-Implications.
Sommario/riassunto	Scholars and practitioners usually regard the nuclear non-proliferation

regime as composed of two categories of countries – those with and those without nuclear weapons. The latter are regarded as the core designers of that regime, while the former have their prominence in shaping non-proliferation institutions eclipsed or ignored. This book proposes to go beyond that duality by focusing on a usually neglected group of states: latent nuclear countries. Those are the countries that possess advanced nuclear capabilities but no weapons. This book shows that latent nuclear countries not only participate actively in non-proliferation institutions but also promote the creation of new frameworks highlighting concerns and perspectives different from their nuclear-weapon and nuclear-free counterparts. The author makes this argument through an intricate combination of quantitative and qualitative methods, with an in-depth analysis of Brazil and Germany as sources for case studies. He makes the case to understand the nuclear non-proliferation regime as an inclusive and refined approach that takes into consideration countries' nuclear capabilities, identities, role conceptions, and domestic structures. Leonardo Bandarra is a Postdoctoral Researcher at the University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany, working on nuclear verification, disarmament, and non-proliferation as part of the network "VeSPoTec: Center for Integrated interdisciplinary verification research" (group: "Social-Constructivist Approaches to Trust and Verification) funded by the German Ministry of Education and Research.
