

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910877064403321
Titolo	Crop post-harvest [[electronic resource]] : science and technology . Volume 2 Durables // edited by Rick Hodges and Graham Farrell
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford, UK ; ; Malden, MA, : Blackwell Science, 2004
ISBN	1-281-32215-6 9786611322151 0-470-70895-6 0-470-75102-9 0-470-75037-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (297 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	GolobP FarrellGraham, Dr. HodgesRick, Dr.
Disciplina	631.56
Soggetti	Crops - Postharvest technology Agricultural processing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Crop Post-Harvest: Science and Technology; Contents; Contributors; Preface; Acknowledgements; 1 Rice; China; Japan; Australia; 2 Maize; Tanzania (East and Central Africa); Zimbabwe; Argentina; 3 Wheat; Pakistan and Afghanistan; United Kingdom; United States of America; Australia; 4 Malting Barley: Europe; 5 Sorghum; Underground storage; South India; Ethiopia; 6 Common Beans: Latin America; 7 Cowpea: United States of America; 8 Miscellaneous Oilseeds; Worldwide Oilseeds; Canola (rapeseed): Canada; 9 Peanuts; Senegal; United States of America; 10 Copra: The Philippines; 11 Coffee 12 Cocoa: West Africa (Ghana)13 Dried Fruit and Nuts:United States of America; 14 Cured Fish; Senegal; Beetle infestation and control in the developing tropics; Index; Colour Plates
Sommario/riassunto	Durable commodities are the raw products from which food can be made and are the staples on which most humans rely; with but a few exceptions they are the seeds of plants. Volume 1 of this ground-breaking book series (details below) explains how crops should be

dried, handled, protected from pests and stored by smaller holders or large-scale enterprises. This second volume presents a series of case studies on how durable crops are actually stored and marketed. The compilation of this three-volume work has been supported and is endorsed by the Natural Resources Institute of the Universit
