

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910456495203321
Autore	Hadler Jeffrey
Titolo	Muslims and matriarchs [[electronic resource] ] : cultural resilience in Indonesia through jihad and colonialism // Jeffrey Hadler
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca, : Cornell University Press, 2008
ISBN	0-8014-6869-8 0-8014-6160-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xii, 211 p. ) : ill., maps ;
Disciplina	305.89/928
Soggetti	Minangkabau (Indonesian people) - History Islam - Indonesia - Sumatera Barat - History Matriarchy - Indonesia - Sumatera Barat - History Women, Minangkabau - History Families - Indonesia - Sumatera Barat - History Sumatera Barat (Indonesia) History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [181]-198) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contention unending -- Shapes of the house -- Interiors and shapes of the family -- Educating children -- Intimate contention -- Earthquake -- Families in motion -- Conclusion : victorious buffalo, resilient matriarchate.
Sommario/riassunto	Muslims and Matriarchs is a history of an unusual, probably heretical, and ultimately resilient cultural system. The Minangkabau culture of West Sumatra, Indonesia, is well known as the world's largest matrilineal culture; Minangkabau people are also Muslim and famous for their piety. In this book, Jeffrey Hadler examines the changing ideas of home and family in Minangkabau from the late eighteenth century to the 1930s. Minangkabau has experienced a sustained and sometimes violent debate between Muslim reformists and preservers of indigenous culture. During a protracted and bloody civil war of the early nineteenth century, neo-Wahhabi reformists sought to replace the matriarchate with a society modeled on that of the Prophet Muhammad. In capitulating, the reformists formulated an uneasy truce that sought to find a balance between Islamic law and local custom. With the

incorporation of highland West Sumatra into the Dutch empire in the aftermath of this war, the colonial state entered an ongoing conversation. These existing tensions between colonial ideas of progress, Islamic reformism, and local custom ultimately strengthened the matriarchate. The ferment generated by the trinity of oppositions created social conditions that account for the disproportionately large number of Minangkabau leaders in Indonesian politics across the twentieth century. The endurance of the matriarchate is testimony to the fortitude of local tradition, the unexpected flexibility of reformist Islam, and the ultimate weakness of colonialism. Muslims and Matriarchs is particularly timely in that it describes a society that experienced a neo-Wahhabi jihad and an extended period of Western occupation but remained intellectually and theologically flexible and diverse.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910854700103321
Autore	Gildemeister, Eduard <1860-1938>
Titolo	Die Atherischen ole / E. Gildemeister, Fr. Hoffmann
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, : Akademie-Verlag, 1956-1966
Edizione	[4. vollig neu bearbeitete auflage]
Descrizione fisica	volumi ; 25 cm
Altri autori (Persone)	Hoffmann, Friedrich <1832-1904>
Disciplina	200
Locazione	FAGBC
Collocazione	A MIC 1577-1 A MIC 1577-2 A MIC 1577-3A A MIC 1577-3B A MIC 1577-3C A MIC 1577-3D A MIC 1577-4 A MIC 1577-5 A MIC 1577-6 A MIC 1577-7
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

